

Board Members

David Bilardello, Vice-Chair

Mayor Gary Carey, Chair Charis Austin Rick Baker

Mayor Katie Favale

Rick Baker Steven Gilbert Robert Postema

Mayor Rosalynn Bliss Andy Guy Terry Schweitzer Mayor Stephen Kepley Jack Hoffman Paul Troost Tracie Coffman Mayor Steve Maas

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING AGENDA

Wednesday, January 24, 2024 – 4:00 p.m.

Rapid Central Station Conference Room (250 Cesar E Chavez, SW) AGENDA

1.	PU	BLIC COMMENT	<u>PRESENTER</u>	<u>ACTION</u>
2.	МІМ	NUTES REVIEW – December 13, 2023	Mayor Carey	Approval
3.	CE	O'S REPORT	Deb Prato	Information
4.	СА	RDINAL INFRASTRUCTURE, LLC	Carter McCoy	Information
5.	AC	TION ITEMS		
	a.	FY 2024 Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Grant Application	Kevin Wisselink	Approval
	b.	FY 2025 MDOT Grant Application	Kevin Wisselink	Approval
	c.	FY 2025 Specialized Services Grant Application	Kevin Wisselink	Approval
	d.	Rideshare Matching Software Contract, Agile Mile	Kevin Wisselink	Approval
	e.	Rapid Central Station Info Booth Renovation Contract, JKB Construction	Kevin Wisselink	Approval
	f.	New Ford Transit Security Cameras Contract, Safe Fleet	Mike Wieringa	Approval
	g.	FY 22/23 Audit	Linda Medina	Approval
6.	PE	RFORMANCE REPORTS		
	a. b.	Paratransit Route Ridership – December 2023 On-Demand	Jason Prescott	Information
	c.	Fixed Route Ridership 1. December 2023	Max Dillivan	Information
	d.	 Finance Operating Statement – November 2023 Professional Development and Travel Report October 2023 November 2023 Grant Statement 	Linda Medina	Information
7. 8.		AIR'S REPORT JOURNMENT	Mayor Carey	Information



Board Members

Mayor Gary Carey, Chair

Charis Austin Mayor Katie Favale Rick Baker Steven Gilbert Robert Postema

Mayor Rosalynn Bliss Andy Guy Terry Schweitzer David Bilardello, Vice-Chair Mayor Stephen Kepley Tr

Jack Hoffman

Paul Troost

Tracie Coffman Mayor Steve Maas

BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING

Wednesday, December 13, 2023 – 4:00 p.m.

Rapid Central Station Conference Room (250 Caser E Chavez SW)

ATTENDANCE:

Board Members Present:

Mayor Carey, David Bilardello, Mayor Favale, Mayor Kepley, Jack Hoffman, Paul Troost, Andy Guy, Mayor Bliss, Tracie Coffman, Mayor Maas

Board Members Absent:

Steven Gilbert, Robert Postema, Charis Austin, Terry Schweitzer, Rick Baker

Staff Attendees:

Steve Clapp, Kris Heald, Deron Kippen, Steve Luther, Linda Medina, Nick Monoyios, James Nguyen, Deb Prato, Jason Prescott, Andy Prokopy, Steve Schipper, Mike Wieringa, Kevin Wisselink

Other Attendees:

Grant Pecor (Barnes & Thornburg), Brandee Ritsema (Documenters), Chris Swank (GVSU), Clover Brown (GVMC), Cassi Cooper, Kent Vanderwood (Mayor of Wyoming), Jeffrey King, Max Dillivan, Erin Evenhouse (Mobile GR), Dave Bulkowski, Michael Williams, Hudson McGhee, Wardell Frazier

Chairman Mayor Carey called the meeting to order at 4:07 p.m.

1. PUBLIC COMMENT

Mr. Dave Bulkowski. He is here representing the 2nd Ward of Grand Rapids, and Disability Advocates of Kent County. He wished to thank all the six city Mayors at this Board of Directors meeting, for their continued support of this entity and partnership.

Mr. Hudson McGhee. He is a Bus Operator with The Rapid. He is here to speak to the Board today because he heard of a misunderstanding regarding the bus operators complaining about overtime. They are not complaining, they cherish over time, as it is an opportunity to make more money. Mr. McGhee feels the reason they said that was that everyone else received a raise, why didn't they? He feels we are obligated to the municipalities we serve to provide a service, and now we are cutting it. He stated we have a problem with retention which adds to the problem. Mr. McGhee would like to keep the service the way it is. He understands the offer given to the drivers, but he wanted to make the Board aware that people build retention. He added the drivers want to feel valued, needed, and wanted. We need to build morale.

2. MINUTES REVIEW

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to approve the October 25, 2023, Board meeting minutes. Mayor Favale motioned to approve, and Mayor Bliss supported it. The motion passed unanimously.

3. CEO'S REPORT

Ms. Prato started her comments with two updates:

- 1. The capital project at Ellsworth is wrapping up. We are expecting to move back in in mid-January. An open house to celebrate the office transformation is being planned for January 24, 2024, from 2:00 p.m. to 3:45 p.m., which is right before our January Board meeting. Board members will receive invitations.
- 2. The Rapid is continuing to advance the architectural and engineering design of the Childcare Center at Rapid Central Station (RCS). The Partners have agreed on the design. The Kellogg Foundation has just completed an on-board survey for customer interest. There is a great need for and great interest in the project.

Ms. Prato addressed the concerns Mr. McGhee was speaking about regarding the winter picks starting on January 2, 2024. In early September, The Rapid has been struggling with service cuts. There were not enough operators coming to work, and not enough operators willing to work overtime, which resulted in The Rapid missing our commitment to our customers. To resolve this issue for the winter, the Planning team carefully removed low-productivity trips for more reliable service. They will continue to monitor this daily.

Ms. Prato noted that The Rapid has been struggling with Transdev's performance. In October, several leadership team members were in Orlando, FL at the APTA Conference. Ms. Prato met with Transdev's CEO, COO, and the Regional Vice President. They heard us and brought team members here on-site for two weeks. They brought ten (10) new drivers from other locations, they changed processes and benefits, and we are seeing progress on all sixteen metrics. In addition, The Rapid has delivered twenty-three (23) of the twenty-nine (29) new vehicles to Transdev.

As we near the end of the year, Ms. Prato wished the board Happy Holidays.

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to go into closed session. Mr. Guy motioned to approve, and Mayor Bliss supported it. A verbal roll call was taken, and the motion passed unanimously.

4. Closed Session

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to come out of the closed session. Mayor Kepley motioned to approve, and Mayor Bliss supported it. A verbal roll call was taken, and the motion passed unanimously.

5. ACTION ITEMS

a. State Lobbying Services Contract, McAlvey, Merchant & Associates, Mr. Kevin Wisselink Mr. Wisselink is requesting authorization from the ITP Board to enter into a contract with McAlvey, Merchant, and Associates for State Lobbying Services for a three-year term valued at \$54,000 per year with two, one-year extension options.

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to approve the State Lobbying Services Contract with McAlvey, Merchant, and Associates. Mayor Kepley motioned to approve, and Mayor Bliss supported it. The motion passed unanimously.

b. Busch Drive Operations Contract, Carbon Six Construction, Mr. Kevin Wisselink

Mr. Wisselink is requesting authorization from the ITP Board to enter into a contract with Carbon Six Construction Company for \$560,000, plus a 10% contingency of \$56,000, for a total project cost of \$616,000 for renovations of the Busch Drive Operations Center.

Chairman Carey asked if a 10% contingency was going to be enough. Mr. Wisselink replied, yes, he feels confident that should be enough.

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to approve the Busch Drive Operations Contract with Carbon Six Construction. Mayor Maas motioned to approve, and Mayor Favale supported it. The motion passed unanimously.

c. Shelter and Bench Purchase Contract, Tolar Manufacturing Company, Mr. Deron Kippen

Mr. Kippen is requesting authorization from the ITP Board to enter into a five-year contract with Tolar Manufacturing Company, Inc. for the purchase of bus shelters. The first year of the contract identifies the purchase of 26 bus shelters for \$178,630 plus shipping which is estimated to be \$10,920, for a total cost of \$198,550. The Rapid has the option to buy up to an additional 74 shelters.

Chairman Mayor Carey entertained a motion to approve the Shelter and Bench Purchase with Tolar Manufacturing Company. Mr. Guy motioned to approve, and Mayor Bliss supported it. The motion passed unanimously.

6. PERFORMANCE REPORTS FOR INFORMATION

- 1. Paratransit Route Ridership, October 2023 No questions
 - 2. On-Demand- No questions

b. Fixed Route Ridership, October 2023

Mayor Kepley asked if we could keep 2019 pre-COVID numbers on the list until we have another COA and re-look at it.

- c. Financial Reports No questions
 - 1. Operating Statement, September 2023
 - 2. Professional Development and Travel Report, September 2023
 - 3. Grant Statement

7. INFORMATIONAL ITEMS

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a. Financial Overview - Mr. Nick Monoyios, Ms. Linda Medina Mr. Monoyios reviewed a high-level overview of The Rapid's funding.

b. Transportation Reform – Mr. Jack Hoffman

Mr. Hoffman presented an upbeat Funding Reform Report. Mr. Hoffman met with Commissioner Schultz, and they had a very good conversation. They agreed on a division of labor, and he will continue to appear at the Transportation Commission to make the case, and Commissioner Schultz is going to establish the relationships. The Transportation Commission has all this power, but they are very disorganized, and the Governor has not even appointed a chairperson. Mr. Hoffman is hopeful as he and Commissioner Schultz continue to work together, and the Governor continues to appoint commissioners of the caliber of Commission Schultz.

8. CHAIR'S REPORT

Chairman Mayor Carey yielded his comments.

9. ADJOURNMENT

The meeting was adjourned at 5:15 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for January 24, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

Ni. Malp

Kris Heald, Board Secretary



Date: January 24, 2024

To: The Rapid Board of Directors

- From: Kevin Wisselink, Director-Procurement and Capital Planning
- Subject: FY 2024 FEDERAL TRANSIT ADMINISTRATION (FTA) GRANT APPLICATION

ACTION REQUESTED

Staff is requesting The Rapid Board approve the FY 2024 Federal Transit Administration (FTA) grant application to allow the CEO or her designee to execute a grant contract on behalf of The Rapid Board.

BACKGROUND

Each year The Rapid presents an annual grant application for federal Section 5307 capital and planning assistance, Section 5339 formula capital funding, Section 5337 State of Good Repair and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ)/Carbon Reduction (CRU) funds to the Rapid Board for approval. With Board approval, staff will start the submission process for these FY 2024 grants.

APPORTIONMENTS

The FY 2024 apportionments have not been released and are only an estimate. The following chart compares FY 2024 with the previous two years' apportionments:

Apportionment	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Section 5307	\$12,898,653	\$13,134,519	\$12,917,319
Section 5339	\$1,009,753	\$1,038,295	\$1,038,269
Section 5337	\$1,186,864	1,189,902	\$1,186,864
CMAQ/CRU	\$1,010,661	\$706,207	\$324,819

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) will provide a 20% match for federal funds allocated on all capital and planning requests such as preventive maintenance, equipment and planning projects. Attachment A provides a list of projects, identifying the funding source and the state match.

Section 5307 Federal Formula Funds:

Section 5307 program provides formula funding to urbanized areas with populations greater than 50,000. In areas with a population greater than 200,000, funds are used to support transit capital projects only. Staff recommends a capital program totaling \$16,146,649 with an 80% federal share of \$12,917,319 and a 20% state share of \$3,229,330 in matched funds.

United Planning Work Program (UPWP):

Planning funds total \$75,000 with an 80% federal share totaling \$60,000 and a 20% state share of \$15,000. These funds are for the planning projects in the UPWP approved by the ITP Board. The FY 2024 UPWP projects are as follows: Short Range Transportation Plan \$75,000.

Section 5339 Bus and Bus Facility Formula Funds:

Section 5339 is a federal formula grant program to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses, and bus-related equipment and to construct bus-related facilities. Staff recommends \$1,297,836 with an 80% federal share of \$1,038,269 and a 20% state share of \$259,567 in matched funds.

Congestion, Mitigation, Air Quality (CMAQ) and Carbon Reduction (CRU) Funds:

CMAQ and Carbon reduction funds are used to assist with operating and capital costs associated with programs that reduce carbon monoxide (CO), nitrates (NOx), and particulate emissions in the region. FY 2024 CMAQ/CRU requests include a federal share of \$324,819 in capital funds and a state match of \$43,705 totaling \$368,524. Operating funds for the Rideshare program are 100% federally funded at \$150,000.

Section 5337 State of Good Repair Funds:

Section 5337 is a federal grant program to provide capital assistance for maintenance, replacement, and rehabilitation projects of existing high-intensity fixed guideways and high-intensity motorbus systems to maintain a state of good repair. Staff recommends \$1,483,580 with an 80% federal share of \$1,186,864 and a 20% state share of \$296,716.

Attachment A The Rapid FY 2024 Capital Plan

Droiget Nome	Total Federal	Federal	Total State	Total Cost
Project Name	Federal	Source	State	Cost
Section 5307	00.000	5007	00.000	400.000
A&E	80,000	5307	20,000	100,000
Capital Costs of Contracting	960,000	5307	240,000	1,200,000
Computer Hardware	533,200	5307	133,300	666,500
Computer Software	300,000	5307	75,000	375,000
Facility Equipment	35,200	5307	8,800	44,000
Intelligent Transportation System	1,152,000	5307	288,000	1,440,000
Preventive Maintenance	3,500,000	5307	875,000	4,375,000
Rehab Admin/Maintenance Facility	40,000	5307	10,000	50,000
Replacement 40' Bus	4,743,141	5307	1,185,785	5,928,926
Replacement Paratransit Vehicles	679,378	5307	169,845	849,223
Revenue Tire Lease	40,000	5307	10,000	50,000
Service Vehicles	368,000	5307	92,000	460,000
Shelters	200,000	5307	50,000	250,000
Shop Equipment	29,600	5307	7,400	37,000
Surveillance/Security Equipment	196,800	5307	49,200	246,000
Total Capital	\$12,857,319		\$3,214,330	\$16,071,649
Planning Funds	60,000	5307	15,000	75,000
Total (5307)	\$12,917,319		\$3,229,330	\$16,146,649
CMAQ/CRU				
Replacement Bus	20,098	CRU	5,025	25,123
Rideshare	150,000	CMAQ	0	150,000
Clean Air Action Days	154,721	CRU	38,680	193,401
Total (CMAQ/CRU)	\$324,819		\$43,705	\$368,524
Section 5339 Bus/Bus Facility	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Replacement Bus	1,038,269	5339	259,567	1,297,836
Total (5339)	\$1,038,269		\$259,567	\$1,297,836
Section 5337 State of Good Repair				
Replacement BRT Bus	1,186,864	5337	296,716	1,483,580
Total (5337)	1,186,864		296,716	1,483,580

INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD

RESOLUTION NO. 012424-1

Fiscal Year 2024

Moved and supported to adopt the following resolution:

Resolution authorizing the filing of an application with the Department of Transportation, United States of America, for a grant under the Federal Transit Administration "Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act."

WHEREAS, the Secretary of Transportation is authorized to make grants for a mass transportation program of projects and budget;

WHEREAS, the contract for financial assistance will impose certain obligations upon the applicant, including the provision by it of the local share of the project costs of the program; and

WHEREAS, it is required by the Department of Transportation, in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, that the applicant give an assurance that it will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Department of Transportation requirements thereunder; and

WHEREAS, it is the goal of the applicant that disadvantaged business enterprises be utilized to the fullest extent possible in connection with these projects and that

disadvantaged businesses shall have the maximum construction contracts, supplies, equipment contracts, or consultant and other services.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Interurban Transit Partnership Board;

1. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to execute and file an application on behalf of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board with the Department of Transportation.

2. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to execute and file assurances, or any other document required by the Department of Transportation effectuating the purpose of Title VI or the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

3. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to furnish additional information as the Department of Transportation may require in connection with the grant application.

4. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to set forth and execute a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program in connection with this grant application.

5. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to execute grant agreements on behalf of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board and the Michigan Department of Transportation for aid in the financing of transit assistance.

6. That the CEO or her designee is authorized to initiate any TIP, STIP, or UPWP amendments as required for the execution of this grant.

<u>CERTIFICATE</u>

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting Secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date





DATE: January 24, 2024

TO: The Rapid Board of Directors

FROM: Kevin Wisselink, Director- Procurement and Capital Planning

SUBJECT: FY 2025 MDOT GRANT APPLICATION

ACTION REQUESTED

Staff is requesting The Rapid Board approve the FY 2025 Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) grant application and authorize the CEO or her designee to execute a grant contract on behalf of The Rapid.

BACKGROUND

Each February, MDOT requires that transit agencies file a grant application for capital, operating, and planning assistance for the upcoming fiscal year. The MDOT application is the first grant application in the annual cycle. This draft application is for MDOT use in estimating funding for state budgeting purposes. A final application with project descriptions will be brought to the Board in late FY 2024 when applying for the federal grant application.

OPERATING ASSISTANCE

The Rapid is requesting \$29,337,733 in State operating assistance based on projected eligible expenses of \$58,675,467. Requested operating assistance is based on 50% of eligible operating expenses, the maximum amount eligible under Act 51, however, the actual state match is anticipated to be around 33.8553% or \$19,864,754. Actual expenditures for FY 2025 will be determined through service and budget decisions made by the Board before October 1, 2024.

CAPITAL ASSISTANCE – FTA Section 5307

Total capital assistance of \$16,146,649 with a state capital share of \$3,229,329 is requested based on a 20 percent match of the \$12,917,320 estimated federal apportionment of Section 5307 funds. The 20 percent match applies to all capital projects unless otherwise specified. All individual projects and splits are between the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and MDOT as listed in Attachment A. The Board can review and modify all capital and operating programs again in late fall when the federal grant application is filed. There is no local share required for the capital portion of this application.

PLANNING ASSISTANCE – FTA Section 5307

Total planning assistance of \$155,000 with a state share of \$31,000 is requested based on a 20 percent match of the \$124,000 federal planning funds listed in Attachment A. This amount is an estimate; specific planning activities and a final budget will be developed and brought to the Board as a part of the annual Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) prepared in the spring of 2024, at which time the application amounts can be amended.

CONGESTION MITIGATION, AIR QUALITY (CMAQ) AND CARBON REDUCTION PROGRAM

CMAQ and Carbon Reduction funds are used to assist with operating and capital costs associated with programs that reduce carbon monoxide, nitrates, and particulate emissions in the region. The Rapid is requesting a total of \$1,000,483 with a federal share of \$830,386 and a state share of \$170,097 for the following projects; \$800,483 for Replacement 40' Buses, \$50,000 for Clean Air Action days and \$150,000 (100% federal funding) for the Rideshare program. This amount is an estimate; specific CMAQ/CRU activities can be amended with a final budget when a call for projects is requested from the MPO in the spring of 2024.

CAPITAL ASSISTANCE – FTA Section 5339

Section 5339 is formula funds and may be used for bus and bus facility projects. A total request of \$1,297,836 with an 80% federal share of \$1,038,269 and a 20% state share of \$259,567.

CAPITAL ASSISTANCE – FTA Section 5337

Section 5337 is formula funds and may be used to provide capital assistance for maintenance, replacement, and rehabilitation projects of existing high-intensity fixed guideway and high-intensity motorbus systems to maintain a state of good repair. A total request of \$1,483,580 with an 80% federal share of \$1,186,864 and a 20% state share of \$296,716.

Attachment A The Rapid FY 2025 Capital Plan

Project Name	Total Federal	Federal Source	State Match	Funding Source	Total Cost
Section 5307					
ADA Vehicle Equipment	17,947	5307	4,487	CTF	22,434
Bus Tire Lease	235,485	5307	58,871	CTF	294,356
Bus Capital Maintenance	40,000	5307	10,000	CTF	50,000
Capital Costs of Contracting	960,000	5307	240,000	CTF	1,200,000
Computer Hardware	185,200	5307	46,300	CTF	231,500
Computer Software	300,000	5307	75,000	CTF	375,000
Facility Equipment	40,000	5307	10,000	CTF	50,000
ITS	576,000	5307	144,000	CTF	720,000
Preventative Maintenance	3,200,000	5307	800,000	CTF	4,000,000
Rehab Admin/Maintenance Facility	840,000	5307	210,000	CTF	1,050,000
Replacement 40' Buses	4,384,214	5307	1,096,053	CTF	5,480,267
Replacement Paratransit Vehicles	1,642,474	5307	410,618	CTF	2,053 092
Service Vehicles	84,000	5307	21,000	CTF	105,000
Shelters	160,000	5307	40,000	CTF	200,000
Shop Equipment	8,000	5307	2,000	CTF	10,000
Surveillance/Security Equipment	120,000	5307	30,000	CTF	150,000
Total Capital	\$12,793,320		\$3,198,329		\$15,991,649
Planning Funds	124,000	5307	31,000	CTF	155,000
Total (5307)	\$12,917,320		\$3,229,329		\$16,146,649
CMAQ/CRU					
Replacement 40' Buses	243,578	CMAQ	60,895	CTF	304,473
Replacement 40' Buses	396,808	CRU	99,202	CTF	496,010
Rideshare	150,000	CMAQ	0		150,000
Clean Air Action Days	40,000	CMAQ	10,000	CTF	50,000
Total (CMAQ/CRU)	\$830,386		\$170,097		\$1,000,483
Section 5339 Bus/Bus Facility	T	1			
Replacement 40' Buses	1,038,269	5339	259,567	CTF	1,297,836
Total (5339)	\$1,038,269		\$259,567		\$1,297,836
Section 5337 State of Good Repair					
Replacement 40' Buses	1,186,864	5337	296,716	CTF	1,483,580
Total (5337)	\$1,186,864		\$296,716		\$1,483,580

INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD

RESOLUTION NO. 012424-2

Fiscal Year 2024

RESOLUTION OF INTENT

THE APPROVED RESOLUTION OF INTENT TO APPLY FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025 UNDER ACT NO, 51 OF THE PUBLIC ACTS OF 1951, AS AMENDED.

WHEREAS, pursuant to Act No. 51 of the Public Act of 1951, as amended (Act 51), it is necessary for the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, established under Act 196, to provide a local transportation program for the state fiscal year 2025, therefore, apply for state financial assistance under provisions of Act 51; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary for the Interurban Transit Partnership Board to name an official for all public transportation matters, who is authorized to provide such information, as deemed necessary by the Commission of Department for its administration of Act 51; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary to certify that no changes in eligibility documentation have occurred during the past state fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary for the Interurban Transit Partnership Board to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act in the provision of all its services; and

WHEREAS, the performance indicators have been reviewed and approved by the governing body.

WHEREAS, the Interurban Transit Partnership Board will review and approve a balanced budget for fiscal year 2025; and

WHEREAS, the Interurban Transit Partnership Board has reviewed and approved the proposed balanced estimated budget for Section 5307 of \$12,917,320 in federal funds, matched with \$3,229,329 estimated state funds. Estimated Section 5339 budget of \$1,038,269 in federal funds, matched with \$259,567 estimated state funds. Estimated Section 5337 budget of \$1,186,864 in federal funds, matched with \$296,716 estimated state funds. Estimated CMAQ/CRU budget of \$830,386 in federal funds, matched with \$170,097 estimated state funds and \$58,675,467 total estimated eligible expenses.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Interurban Transit Partnership Board does herby make its intentions known to provide public transportation services and to apply for state financial assistance with this annual plan, in accordance with Act 51: and

HEREBY, appoints the CEO or her designee, as the Transportation Coordinator for all public transportation matters and is authorized to provide such information as deemed necessary by the commission of the department for its administration of Act 51 of 2024; and

BE IT RESOLVED that the CEO or her designee is hereby authorized to execute agreements, and contract extensions and to initiate any Transportation Improvement Program (TIP), Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), or Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) amendments with the Michigan Department of Transportation on behalf of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board for capital, operating, planning, and marketing funds.

<u>CERTIFICATE</u>

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting Secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date



Date: January 24, 2024

To: The Rapid Board of Directors

From: Kevin Wisselink, Director- Procurement and Capital Planning

Subject: FY 2025 Specialized Services Grant Application

ACTION REQUESTED

Board approval is requested authorizing the submittal of the fiscal year 2025 Specialized Services operating assistance grant application to MDOT and subsequent execution of a contract with MDOT for third-party operating assistance with the four recipient agencies: Kent County Community Action of the County of Kent, Kent County CMH Authority d/b/a Network 180, Hope Network and Senior Neighbors.

BACKGROUND

Each year The Rapid applies for Specialized Services operating assistance from the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) for senior/disabled transportation in Kent County, which is beyond The Rapid's service area and/or hours of operation. The annual Specialized Service program is prepared by The Rapid in cooperation with the service provider agencies. The Rapid's role in this program is to provide coordination for the various providers to prevent any duplication of services. In fiscal year 2024, The Rapid will receive a total of \$795,474, in Specialized Services operating funds as a pass-through grant. FY 2024 had an increase in funding of \$253,105 from previous years. This funding level is determined by MDOT. It is anticipated that a total of \$795,474 will also be reinstated and awarded to The Rapid for the Specialized Services Operating Assistance Program for fiscal year 2025.

The Rapid has a Specialized Services Coordination Committee which meets to determine funding level distribution recommendations to The Rapid Board. The committee met in November 2024 to determine the distribution amounts for FY 2025. The committee also assists in the coordination of service to prevent duplication of service and to share information. All agencies listed in Attachment A are represented on the Coordination Committee.

The Rapid staff will present the FY 2025 Specialized Services Operating Assistance Grant Application to the Consumer Advisory Committee (CAC) at the January 2024 meeting.

INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD

RESOLUTION NO. 012424-3

Fiscal Year 2024

WHEREAS, The Interurban Transit Partnership Board is designated by the Michigan Department of Transportation as the applicant for the Specialized Services assistance program for fiscal year 2025; and

WHEREBY, The Interurban Transit Partnership Board does hereby make its intentions known to apply for State financial assistance for specialized transportation services during 2025; and,

HEREBY authorizes the CEO or her designee to execute grant agreements and amendments on behalf of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board with the Michigan Department of Transportation to aid in the provision of specialized transportation services for fiscal years 2025; and

HEREBY authorizes the CEO or her designee to execute third-party agreements with Kent County Community Action of the County of Kent, Hope Network, Kent County CMH Authority d/b/a Network 180, and Senior Neighbors for 2025 Specialized Services Operating Assistance.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting Secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date

SPECIALIZED SERVICES OPERATING ASSISTANCE Fiscal Year 2025

Agency	Description of Service	MDOT Funds
Kent County Community Action of the County of Kent	Service is provided Monday through Friday 8:00 am until 4:00 pm for seniors and persons with disabilities in Kent County primarily in rural and suburban areas where mass transit is unavailable or current services are insufficient based on current demands.	
Kent County CMH d/b/a Network 180	Service is provided Monday-Friday 8 am-8 pm to and from community activities from Network 180 vocational and non-vocational programs for persons with disabilities and behavioral support needs.	
Hope Network	Service is provided seven days a week, 24 hours a day for employment trips for persons who are disadvantaged or disabled throughout Kent County. Service is also provided seven days a week from 6:00 am to 6:00 pm for seniors and disabled for the Kent Community Transit program and other senior programs throughout Kent County.	
Senior Neighbors	Service is provided Monday through Friday from 7:00 am until 4:00 pm for Seniors in rural areas of Kent County.	
TOTAL		\$795,474



Date:	January 24, 2024
То:	ITP Board
From:	Kevin Wisselink, Director of Procurement and Capital Planning Jeffrey King, Community Relations Specialist
Subject:	PROJECT 2023-51: RIDESHARE MATCHING SOFTWARE

ACTION REQUESTED

Authorization is requested from the ITP Board to enter into a 3-year contract with Agile Mile for \$162,000 with the possibility of two one-year extensions for the provision of Rideshare Matching Software.

BACKGROUND

The Rapid has operated Transportation Demand Management (TDM) services for about 20 years, and one of the prime elements of this has been an online rideshare matching service. The Rapid has operated the same software for many years, and it was determined that with evolving technologies, it was necessary to go out to bid for a replacement software option.

PROCUREMENT

The Procurement was released as a Request for Proposal (RFP) as cost is important but not the only factor to consider for this project. It was released in the Michigan Inter-Governmental Trade Network and was downloaded by 31 firms.

Three responsive bids were received from Agile Mile, HBSS, and Ride Amigos. They were scored by a review team including the Director of Information Technology, Engagement and Digital Outreach Specialist, and three Community Relations Specialists. The proposals were evaluated for their Technical Approach, Project Team, and Financial Proposal.

Firm	Average Score	3 Year Price
Agile Mile	96.1	\$162,000
HBSS	43.4	\$314,308
Ride Amigos	84.3	\$138,500

Agile Mile and Ride Amigos had substantially higher scores and were moved to the Second Round of the selection process.

For Round 2, the two firms were interviewed and provided a demo of their software solution. Additionally, a demo version was provided to The Rapid for staff to test out. Agile Mile and Ride Amigos both provided good demonstrations of their product, but Agile Mile was the unanimous choice of the team with all team members ranking them their top choice.

Firm	Average Rank
Agile Mile	1
Ride Amigos	2

Agile Mile was selected for several reasons.

First, they had the best user interface, with a clean and easy-to-use app design. The app and web-based versions all had the features the team was looking to utilize and gave substantially more capability than our current software.

Second, Agile Mile demonstrated excellent customer support, providing direct contact to manage all issues and substantial support for The Rapid throughout the implementation process.

Third, the Agile Mile team showcased a genuine passion for their brand, product, and the agencies they support. They not only addressed every concern we've had with our current software but also introduced innovative features we had not even considered.

FUNDING

The project is being funded using federal and state funds. There are no local funds involved in this project.



INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 012424-4

Fiscal Year: 2023-2024

Moved and supported to adopt the following resolution:

Approval to enter a contract with execute a three-year contract with Agile Mile for \$162,000 with the possibility of two one-year extensions for the provision of Rideshare Matching Software.

BE IT RESOLVED that the ITP CEO is hereby authorized to execute a three-year contract with Agile Mile for \$162,000 with the possibility of two one-year extensions for the provision of Rideshare Matching Software by the information presented to the ITP Board on January 24, 2024.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date



January 24, 2024
ITP Board
Kevin Wisselink, Director of Procurement and Capital Planning Deron Kippen, Director of Facilities
PROJECT 2024-13: RAPID CENTRAL STATION INFO BOOTH RENOVATION

ACTION REQUESTED

Authorization is requested from the ITP Board to enter into a contract with JKB Construction for \$329,667 plus a 15% contingency of \$49,540, for a total project cost of \$379,117 for the Rapid Central Station Info Booth Renovation project.

BACKGROUND

Rapid Central Station (RCS) has been in operation for 20 years now and it needs rehabilitation in some areas. Additionally, the way the building is utilized has changed, meaning there is a need for some reconfiguration of the space.

Given this, this project will bring some changes in space allocation at RCS while rehabilitating this area. This newly renovated space will reduce the area allocated to the Indian Trails intercity bus service, which is administered differently from when RCS was constructed and does not need the space it used to require. The space will also house The Rapid's Security and Fare Enforcement staff, which is necessary given The Rapid takes security in-house. Finally, there is the opportunity to consolidate The Rapid's info booth into this space.

PROCUREMENT

Progressive AE prepared a bid packet for this project. The Procurement was planned as an Invitation for Bids (IFB) since the specification was well defined and two or more bidders were willing to compete. Therefore, the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally based on the price of the low-responsive and responsible bidder. The IFB was advertised on the Grand Rapids Builder's Exchange website and sent to the Michigan DBE firms and The Rapid's website.

Four responsive bids were received as follows:

Company	Bid
Carbon Six	\$399,800
JKB Construction	\$329,667
McGraw	\$424,346
Wolverine Construction	\$502,353

There was one additional bid from Praise Companies for a very small portion of the project that was deemed non-responsive.

JKB Construction was the low-responsible bidder on the project. They have performed good work for The Rapid as a subcontractor on the Laker Line project. Additionally, JKB is a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) and is registered with the State of Michigan as a DBE.

Work is slated to begin in early 2024 and be completed by the middle of 2024.

FUNDING

The project is being funded using federal and state funds. There are no local funds involved in this project.



INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 012424-5

Fiscal Year: 2023-2024

Moved and supported to adopt the following resolution:

Approval to enter a contract with execute a contract with JKB Construction for \$329,667 plus a 15% contingency of \$49,540, for a total project cost of \$379,117 for renovations of the Rapid Central Station Info Booth Renovation.

BE IT RESOLVED that the ITP CEO is hereby authorized to execute a contract with JKB Construction for \$329,667 plus a 15% contingency of \$49,540, for a total project cost of \$379,117 for renovations of the Rapid Central Station Info Booth Renovation by the information presented to the ITP Board on January 24, 2024.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date



Date: January 24, 2024

To: ITP Board

From: Mike Wieringa – Director of Security

Subject: Project 2024-22: NEW FORD TRANSIT SECURITY CAMERAS

ACTION REQUESTED

Authorization is requested from the ITP Board to enter a contract with Safe Fleet to purchase and install onboard Safe Fleet vehicle sic (6) camera systems on 12 new Electric Ford Transit demand responses vehicles for \$111,776.

BACKGROUND

ITP first utilized Safe Fleet camera systems through an RFP for ITP's paratransit fleet. Safe Fleet won the bid through the RFP process, and now all Go!Bus and on-demand vehicles are equipped with Safe Fleet cameras and Safe Fleet MDRs. The Rapid utilizes Safe Fleet cameras on all fixed-route vehicles as well.

Replacing all the cameras and MDRs in ITP's paratransit and fixed route fleet would be cost prohibitive and many were not fully depreciated. Also, having more than one system would mean multiple software systems to manage them. Consequently, it was decided that all new cameras and MDRs must be compatible with Safe Fleet software, including the cameras for the 12 new Transits.

PROCUREMENT

This is a sole-source procurement given the factors listed above. The Rapid asked the Safe Fleet for a proposal to provide and install each of the vehicles with six cameras and all necessary technology to operate the cameras. Safe Fleet provided this information, and The Rapid then looked at the previous demand response vehicle camera installations and found that the costs quoted by Safe Fleet are fair and reasonable.

ITP is very happy with the performance of all the previously installed Safe Fleet systems.

FUNDING

Funding is provided by Federal and State Grant funds.



INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 012424-6

Fiscal Year: 2023-2024

Moved and supported to adopt the following resolution:

Approval to enter a contract with Safe Fleet to purchase and install onboard vehicle camera systems on 12 new Electric Ford Transit demand responses vehicles for \$111,776.

BE IT RESOLVED that the ITP CEO is hereby authorized to enter a contract with Safe Fleet to purchase and install onboard vehicle camera systems on 12 new Electric Ford Transit demand responses vehicles for \$111,776 by the information presented to the ITP Board on January 24, 2024.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date



Date:	January 24, 2024
То:	ITP Board
From:	Linda Medina, Director of Finance
Subject:	Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports Years Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022

OVERVIEW

Attached for your approval are the Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports for fiscal years ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 and the audit wrap up report.

BACKGROUND

The FY 23/23 audit was completed by BDO USA in accordance with standards contained in Government Auditing Standards. The necessary financial statements along with any required supplemental information per State and Federal regulations are presented in the Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports.

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with general accepted accounting procedures (GAAP) on an accrual basis. Revenues are recognized in the period in which earned, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

Once again, BDO USA issued an unmodified opinion on the report and no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies were identified. This opinion confirms that the financial statements are fairly and appropriately presented and in compliance with GAAP. Below are the highlights for FY 22/23:

- Net position increased by \$5.8 million dollars from FY 22/23. Operating revenue increased \$293 thousand (6%) compared to FY 21/22 due to additional advertising revenue and increased ridership, but non-operating revenue decreased \$7.2 million (11%) with the reduction in capital spending and the final federal reimbursement of eligible expenses.
- Overall expenses increased \$4.4 million (9.5%) compared to FY 21/22. The changes include an \$1 million (4%) increase in Labor and Fringes as overtime increased due to labor challenges, Services increased \$415 thousand (10.5%) with the completion of the Rapid Central Station driveway rehabilitation project, and Purchase Transportation increased \$2.8 million (40.7%) with the implementation of a new purchase transportation contract (Demand Response) and dramatic increase in pass through funding for Specialized Services.

- From year to year there was a \$3.1 million (2%) decrease in capital assets. The RAPID continues to invest in revenue vehicles, facilities, information systems technology, etc. to maintain and achieve community and regional outcomes. This year's purchases included the completion of the Cummins Park and Ride lot, the rehabilitation of the Ellsworth building, and the purchase of an additional compressor at the Laker Line facility.
- Comparing FY 22/23 actual to budget, expenses were \$7.2 million under budget and revenues were \$1.1 million over budget. The net effect of revenue and expenses required \$127 thousand of federal covid funding to be used to fill the gap instead of the actual \$8.3 million, a reduction of \$8.2 million.

This fiscal year Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 96, Subscription-Based information Technology Agreements (SIBTA) was added to the financials. This statement requires ITP to recognize technology subscription agreements that are over 12 months in length. ITP currently has 2 agreements that meet the criteria. A subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset is identified in the financials.

Also included in the report is information regarding the defined benefit pension plans. In FY 22/23, a high range contribution was made to both plans. Both plans had a favorable return compared to last year.

Please feel free to contact me directly at (616) 774-1149 or <u>Imedina@ridetherapid.org</u> with any additional questions regarding the audit report.

Report to Members of the Board of Directors and Finance Committee

INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP

Audit Wrap Up for the Year Ended September 30, 2023



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The following communication was prepared as part of our audit, has consequential limitations, and is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance (e.g., Board of Directors and Finance Committee) and, if appropriate, management of ITP, and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Welcome

January 17, 2024

Members of the Board of Directors and Finance Committee Interurban Transit Partnership

Professional standards require us to communicate with you regarding matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, significant and relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. On October 25, 2023 we presented an overview of our plan for the audit of the financial statements including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards of Interurban Transit Partnership (ITP) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, including a summary of our overall objectives for the audit, and the nature, scope, and timing of the planned audit work.

This communication is intended to elaborate on the significant findings from our audit, including our views on the qualitative aspects of ITP's accounting practices and policies, management's judgments and estimates, financial statement disclosures, and other required matters.

We are pleased to be of service to ITP and look forward to meeting with you to discuss our audit findings, as well as other matters that may be of interest to you, and to answer any questions you might have.

Respectfully,

BDO USA

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JOHN LAFRAMBOISE Audit Director ilaframboise@bdo.com



JASON KELLY Audit Senior Manager jkelly@bdo.com



Executive Summary



Status of Our Audit

We have substantially completed our audit of the financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023. Our audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*. This audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.

- > The objective of our audit was to obtain reasonable not absolute assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements.
- > The scope of the work performed was substantially the same as that described to you in our earlier Audit Planning communications.
- ▶ We expect to issue an unmodified opinion on the financial statements and release our report on January 17, 2024.
- We expect to issue an unmodified opinion on ITP's Single Audit report, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA).
- In planning and performing our audit of the SEFA, we considered ITP's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program(s) to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with GAS and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.
- Our responsibility for other information in documents containing ITP's audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform procedures to corroborate such other information. However, in accordance with professional standards, we have read the information included by ITP and considered whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, was materially inconsistent with its presentation in the financial statements. Our responsibility also includes calling to management's attention any information that we believe is a material misstatement of fact. We have not identified any material inconsistencies or concluded there are any material misstatements of facts in the other information that management has chosen not to correct.
- ▶ All records and information requested by BDO were freely available for our inspection.



Results of the Audit

ACCOUNTING PRACTICES, POLICIES, AND ESTIMATES

The following summarizes the more significant required communications related to our audit concerning ITP's accounting practices, policies, and estimates:

ITP's significant accounting practices and policies are those included in Note 1 to the financial statements. These accounting practices and policies are appropriate, comply with generally accepted accounting principles and industry practice, were consistently applied, and are adequately described within Note 1 to the financial statements.

- A summary of recently issued accounting pronouncements was included in our earlier audit planning communications.
- ▶ ITP adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements during the year ended September 30, 2023.
- ▶ There were no other changes in significant accounting policies and practices during 2023.

Significant estimates are those that require management's most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. ITP's significant accounting estimates, including a description of management's processes and significant assumptions used in development of the estimates, are disclosed in of the financial statements.

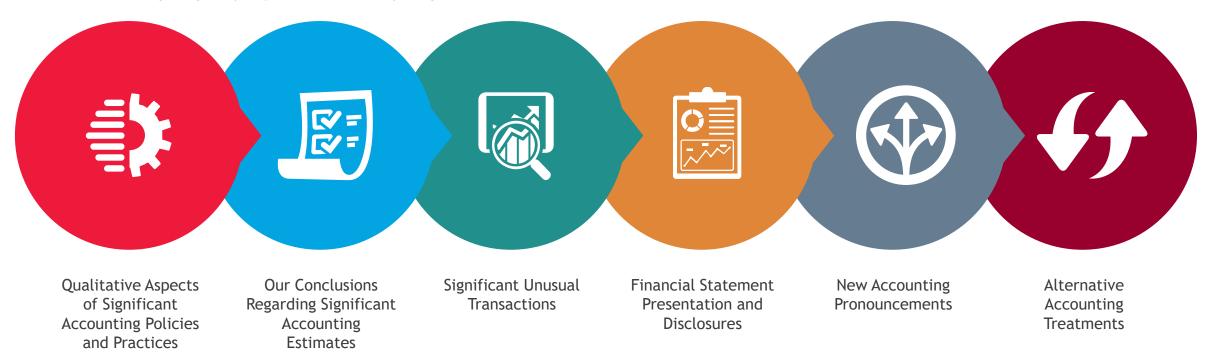
Management did not make any significant changes to the processes or significant assumptions used to develop the significant accounting estimates in 2023.



Results of the Audit

QUALITY OF THE ITP'S FINANCIAL REPORTING

A discussion was held regarding the quality of ITP's financial reporting, which included:



Results of the Audit

CORRECTED AND UNCORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS

There were no corrected misstatements, other than those that were clearly trivial, related to accounts and/or disclosures that we brought to the attention of management.

There were no uncorrected misstatements, other than those that were clearly trivial, related to accounts and/or disclosures that we presented to management.





Internal Control Over Financial Reporting



Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered ITP's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion(s) on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

We are required to communicate, in writing, to those charged with governance all material weaknesses and significant deficiencies that have been identified in ITP's internal control over financial reporting. The definitions of control deficiency, significant deficiency and material weakness follow:

Category	Definition
Control Deficiency	A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.
Significant Deficiency	A deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.
Material Weakness	A deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of ITP's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements, we noted no material weaknesses.



Additional Required Communications



Additional Required Communications

Following is a summary of other required items, along with specific discussion points as they pertain to ITP:

Requirement	Discussion Point				
Significant changes to planned audit strategy or significant risks initially identified	There were no significant changes to the planned audit strategy or significant risks initially identified and previously communicated to those charged with governance as part of our Audit Planning communications.				
Obtain information from those charged with governance relevant to the audit	There were no matters noted relevant to the audit, including, but not limited to: violations or possible violations of laws or regulations; risks or material misstatement, including fraud risks; or tips or complaints regarding ITP's financial reporting that we were made aware of as a result of our inquiry of those charged with governance.				
Nature and extent of specialized skills or knowledge needed related to significant risks	There were no specialized skills or knowledge needed, outside of the core engagement team, to perform the planned audit procedures or evaluate audit results related to significant risks.				
Consultations with other accountants	We are not aware of any consultations about accounting or auditing matters between management and other independent public accountants. Nor are we aware of opinions obtained by management from other independent public accountants on the application of requirements of an applicable financial reporting framework.				
Significant findings and issues arising during the audit in connection with ITP's related parties	We have evaluated whether the identified related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately identified, accounted for, and disclosed and whether the effects of the related party relationships and transactions, based on the audit evidence obtained, prevent the financial statements from achieving fair presentation.				
Significant findings or issues arising during the audit that were discussed, or were the subject of correspondence, with management	There were no significant findings or issues arising during the audit that were discussed, or were the subject of correspondence, with management.				
Disagreements with management	There were no disagreements with management about matters, whether or not satisfactorily resolved, that individually or in aggregate could be significant to ITP's financial statements or to our auditor's report.				
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit	There were no significant difficulties encountered during the audit.				

Additional Required Communications

Following is a summary of other required items, along with specific discussion points as they pertain to ITP:

Requirement	Discussion Point
Matters that are difficult or contentious for which the auditor consulted outside the engagement team	There were no difficult or contentious matters that we consulted with others outside the engagement team that we reasonably determined to be relevant to those charged with governance regarding their oversight of the financial reporting process.
Other matters significant to the oversight of ITP's financial reporting process, including complaints or concerns regarding accounting or auditing matters	There are no other matters that we consider significant to the oversight of ITP's financial reporting process that have not been previously communicated.
Representations requested from management	Please refer to the management representation letter.



Independence

Our engagement letter to you dated September 25, 2023, describes our responsibilities in accordance with professional standards and certain regulatory authorities and *Government Auditing Standards* with regard to independence and the performance of our services. This letter also stipulates the responsibilities of ITP with respect to independence as agreed to by ITP. Please refer to that letter for further information.



Audit Firm System of Quality Management

An audit firm's system of quality control (aka system of quality management) is essential to how the firm conducts audits and is in place to protect investors, shareholders and other users of financial statements.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

In June 2022, the AICPA Auditing Standards Board (ASB) issued the following interrelated standards on audit quality management (collectively, the QM standards), which are designed to improve a CPA firm's risk assessment and audit quality. The effective date of the QM standards is December 15, 2025.

Statement on Quality Management	Statement on Quality Management	Statement on Auditing Standards
Standards (SQMS) No. 1	Standards (SQMS) No. 2	(SAS) No. 146
A Firm's System of Quality Management	Engagement Quality Reviews	Quality Management for an Engagement Conducted in Accordance With Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

BDO has assessed the requirements of the QM standards and has analyzed our firm's current system of quality management to identify changes and improvements necessary for compliance. This includes the identification of quality objectives, quality risks and the assessment of those quality risks, and responses to address those risks. We are further working with BDO Global to appropriately integrate processes deployed at a global level into our firm's system of quality management.



We will continue to provide you with updates on our progress. Currently, you may find discussion of BDO's system of quality control within our annual <u>Audit Quality Reports</u>, the most recent of which is accessible <u>here</u>.



At BDO, our purpose is helping people thrive, every day. Together, we are focused on delivering exceptional and sustainable outcomes — for our people, our clients and our communities. Across the U.S., and in over 160 countries through our global organization, BDO professionals provide assurance, tax and advisory services for a diverse range of clients.

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Material discussed in this publication is meant to provide general information and should not be acted on without professional advice tailored to your needs.

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Financial Statements Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Reports Required by *Government Auditing Standards* and Uniform Guidance Year Ended September 30, 2023



Financial Statements Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Reports Required by *Government Auditing Standards* and Uniform Guidance Year Ended September 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board Interurban Transit Partnership Grand Rapids, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Interurban Transit Partnership (ITP) as of and for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 for the Pension Trust Funds), and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ITP's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Interurban Transit Partnership as of September 30, 2023 and 2022 (June 30, 2023 and 2022 for the Pension Trust Funds), and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of ITP and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, in fiscal year 2023, ITP adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about ITP's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about ITP's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedules of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial



statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise ITP's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining statements, and various schedules as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining statements, and various schedules as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2024 on our consideration of ITP's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering ITP's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BDO USA, P.C.

January 17, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Interurban Transit Partnership's (ITP) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of ITP's financial performance during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The state operating assistance reimbursement rate (for eligible operating expenses) for fiscal year (FY) ending 2023 decreased from 29.5134% in FY 2022 to 29.2015%, and represented another decline in the rate from 31.6001% in FY 2021.
- ITP levied 1.41 mils in 2023, 1.41 mills and 1.43 mills in 2022 and 2021, respectively, as approved by the taxpayers, adjusted by MCL211.34d (Headlee adjustment).
- GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires that ITP's net pension liability, as well as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, be recorded in its financial statements. ITP recognized a net pension liability of \$1,146,920, \$2,927,208 and \$739,049 at September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of this annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about ITP's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of other supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to public transit authorities on an accrual basis. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, and depreciation of assets is recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of ITP are included in the statements of net position.

The statements of net position report the net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the financial health or position of ITP.

Financial Analysis of ITP

Net Position

ITP's net position increased by \$5.8 million as of September 30, 2023, an increase of 3% from September 30, 2022 (see Table A-1). The increase in current assets includes the last of federal COVID reimbursement of operating expenses. The reimbursement increased cash investments and ITP's five-year financial outlook. ITP continues to invest in capital assets (land, buildings, vehicles,

Management's Discussion and Analysis

equipment, and infrastructure) to achieve community and regional outcomes. This fiscal year's significant capital purchases include the purchase of revenue vehicles, renovation of the Ellsworth building, the Cummins Park and Ride Lot in Walker, and an additional compressor at the Lake Line facility. The net pension liability decreased as the asset return was favorable for the defined benefit plans. ITP's net position increased by \$14.4 million as of September 30, 2022, an increase of 8% from September 30, 2021 (see Table A-1). The increase in current assets is largely due to the federal COVID reimbursement of operating expenses. The reimbursement increased cash investments and ITP's five-year financial outlook. ITP continues to invest in capital assets (land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure) to achieve community and regional outcomes. Fiscal year 2022's significant capital purchases include the purchase of the GO BUS Operations facility (Busch Drive), the purchase of the Standale Laker Line Park and Ride lot, and the completion of the new Facilities building at 720 Butterworth. The net pension liability increased as the asset return was unfavorable for the defined benefit plans. The following table shows the net position as of September 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021:

Table A-1					
Net Position					
(in thousands of dollars)					

September 30,	2023	2022	2021
Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 88,042 148,395	\$	\$ 62,817 158,283
Total Assets	236,437	229,173	221,100
Deferred Outflows of Resources	953	1,821	996
Current Liabilities	8,806	7,836	13,842
Long-Term Liabilities	1,724	2,927	739
Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,108	21,248	22,912
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	148,395 56,357	151,476 47,508	158,283 26,320
Total Net Position	\$ 204,752	\$ 198,984	\$ 184,603

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Changes in Net Position

Net position increased by \$5.8 million from September 30, 2022 to September 30, 2023 (see Table A-2). Operating revenues increased as ridership is recovering. The change in non-operating revenues is a result of the decrease in federal funding due to the completion of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant. Capital contributions increased this fiscal year with the purchase of linehaul and specialized service revenue vehicles, the renovation of the Ellsworth building, the addition of the Cummins Park and Ride Lot and the purchase of an additional compressor at the Laker Line facility. Net position increased by \$14.4 million from September 30, 2021 to September 30, 2022 (see Table A-2). Operating revenues increased as ridership and fares are recovering while non-operating revenue is consistent due to federal funding through the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) and American Rescue (ARP) Acts. Capital contributions decreased this fiscal year as the prior year included the purchase of revenue buses and Laker Line ticket vending machines.

Table A-2				
Change in Net Position				
(in thousands of dollars)				

Year ended September 30,	2023	2022	2021
Operating Revenues Passenger fares Advertising	\$ 4,535 385	\$ 4,216 411	\$ 2,962 258
Total Operating Revenues	4,920	4,627	3,220
Operating Expenses Salaries and fringe benefits Supplies and other operating expenses Depreciation and loss on disposal of assets	27,649 23,780 16,676	26,582 20,263 16,234	26,892 20,210 15,677
Total Operating Expenses	68,105	63,079	62,779
Operating Loss	(63,185)	(58,452)	(59,559)
Non-Operating Revenues State and federal Property taxes Other local	29,968 18,868 7,364	38,298 18,012 7,096	40,121 17,472 6,469
Total Non-Operating Revenues	56,200	63,406	64,062
Income (Loss), before capital contributions Capital Contributions	(6,985) 12,753	4,954 9,427	4,503 15,606
Change in Net Position	5,768	 14,381	 20,109
Net Position, beginning of year	198,984	184,603	164,494
Net Position, end of year	\$ 204,752	\$ 198,984	\$ 184,603

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Table A-3 Operating Expenses Before Depreciation (in thousands of dollars)

The table below compares fiscal year ended September 30, 2023 to September 30, 2022 for operating expenses before depreciation. The main changes from year-to-year are attributed to an increase in overtime due to labor challenges, the completion of the Rapid Central Station driveway rehabilitation project, implementation of a new purchased transportation contract (demand response), a dramatic increase in pass through funding for Specialized Services, and overall inflation and economic pressures resulted in inflation.

Year ended September 30,	2023	2022	Change (%)
Labor	\$ 18,989 \$	18,207	4.3
Fringe benefits	8,660	8,375	3.4
Services	4,361	3,946	10.5
Materials and supplies consumed	4,794	4,745	1.0
Utilities	1,404	1,334	5.2
Casualty and liability costs	2,468	2,453	.6
Purchased transportation	9,642	6,855	40.7
Miscellaneous	517	492	5.1

The main reason for changes from FY 2021 to FY 2022 is due to an increase in overtime due to labor challenges, the volatility in fuel prices, and increased costs for materials, supplies and services due to economic factors. Insurance costs were reduced, but reducing ITP's loss ratio and exposure remains its priority.

Year ended September 30,	2022	2021	Change (%)
Labor	\$ 18,207	\$ 17,538	3.8
Fringe benefits	8,375	9,354	(10.5)
Services	3,946	4,289	(8.0)
Materials and supplies consumed	4,745	3,723	27.5
Utilities	1,334	1,226	8.8
Casualty and liability costs	2,453	3,250	(24.5)
Purchased transportation	6,855	6,415	6.9
Miscellaneous	492	549	(10.4)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2023, ITP had invested \$281,795 million in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, revenue equipment, and machinery and operating equipment. Net of accumulated depreciation, capital assets on September 30, 2023 totaled approximately \$148,395 million (see Table A-4). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and disposals, net of depreciation) of approximately \$3.1 million, or 2.0%, from September 30, 2022.

As of September 30, 2022, ITP had invested \$230 million in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, revenue equipment, and machinery and operating equipment. Net of accumulated depreciation, capital assets on September 30, 2022 totaled approximately \$151 million (see Table A 4). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and disposals, net of depreciation) of approximately \$6.8 million, or 4.3%, from September 30, 2021.

September 30,		2023		2022	Change (%)
Land	Ş	12,139	\$	12,139	-
Artwork		368		368	-
Easements		55		55	-
Construction in progress		1,958		-	100.0
Land improvements		3,032		2,709	11.9
Facilities		79,099		83,112	(4.8)
Revenue vehicles		39,112		42,700	(7.6)
Support equipment		5,749		3,883	39.5
Information systems and technology		5,639		5,908	(4.6)
Software and software development		403		602	(38.2)
Subscription Based Information Technology					
Arrangements (SBITA)		841		-	100.0
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	148,395	\$	151,476	(2.1)
September 30,		2022		2021	Change (%)
Land	\$	12,139	Ś	9,368	29.6
Artwork	Ŧ	368	Ŧ	368	
Easements		55		55	-
Construction in progress		-		172	(100.0)
Land improvements		2,709		2,586	4.7
Facilities		83,112		84,620	(1.8)
Revenue vehicles		42,700		49,152	(13.1)
Support equipment		3,883		4,026	(3.6)
Information systems and technology		5,908		7,564	(21.9)
Software and software development		602		372	61.8
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	151,476	\$	158,283	(4.3)

Table A-4 Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (in thousands of dollars)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

ITP's focus in FY 2023/2024 is on the value transit provides in achieving community equity, access and regional economic growth goals and outcomes. Transit is no longer a conversation limited to how many riders are on ITP's system. The conversation has turned to the value a transit network and infrastructure brings to support and promote the vitality of the community it serves. ITP is a strategic partner in growth and economic development, playing its part means providing access to employment, health care, and education and by offering and continuously improving and reimagining a flexible network of public transportation and mobility solutions.

For FY 2023/2024, the Board of Directors adopted a \$56 million operating budget, exclusive of depreciation, and a \$29.9 million capital budget. Ridership and thereby passenger fares continue to recover and contract service revenue remains consistent. The remaining balance of eligible federal funding was received in FY 2023/2024. Property tax revenue is anticipated to be stable, and state operating assistance increased to 34.3056%. According to the Michigan Department of Transportation this is a onetime increase, and it is not an indication that State Operating Assistance is on the rise to the 50% permitted by the State of Michigan Act 51. Unrestricted net reserves will be used to offset the deficit between revenue and expenses. The goal is to continue to advocate for changes in current legislative funding, identify alternative revenue tools used by other states through the Transit Master Plan, and review our internal revenue sources to identify potential additional funding solutions. Converting ITP's fleet to zero emissions continues to be a priority of ITP. The linehaul fleet is currently 69% CNG and 31% diesel. ITP has applied for the Alternative Fuel Tax Credit. This incentive is available to companies that use alternative fuel to operate a motor vehicle. ITP's RNG and propane fuels qualify for the credit in the estimated amount of \$500,000.

Basic Financial Statements

Statements of Net Position Enterprise Fund

September 30,	2023		2022
Assets			
Current Assets Cash and investments (Note 2) Property taxes receivable, net Due from federal government Due from State of Michigan Billed receivables Materials and supplies inventories Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$ 75,924,629 2,315,218 3,740,872 2,195,997 1,763,040 747,054 1,354,706	Ş	67,052,999 1,387,045 1,789,509 854,585 4,618,419 696,091 1,298,725
Total Current Assets	88,041,516		77,697,373
Capital Assets (Note 3) Facilities Revenue vehicles Support equipment Land and improvements Information systems, technology, and software Other non-depreciable assets Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) Construction in progress	121,383,660 86,039,523 20,329,630 18,541,503 32,041,549 423,813 1,077,359 1,958,118		120,752,930 83,915,094 17,876,445 17,861,038 29,545,913 423,814 -
	281,795,155		270,375,234
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(133,400,530)		(118,899,166)
Net Capital Assets	148,394,625		151,476,068
Total Assets	\$ 236,436,141	\$	229,173,441
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to pensions (Note 4)	\$ 953,056	\$	1,821,163
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Unredeemed fares Unearned revenues Due to state of Michigan Current portion of subscription liabilities (Note 7)	\$ 3,586,605 2,029,206 790,927 269,458 1,870,612 259,040	\$	3,311,065 1,904,372 627,090 274,008 1,719,160
Total Current Liabilities	8,805,848		7,835,695
Net Pension Liability (Note 4)	1,146,920		2,927,208
Subscription Liabilities, net of current portion (Note 7)	 576,790		
Total Liabilities	\$ 10,529,558	\$	10,762,903
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes received or receivable before the levy date Related to pensions (Note 4)	\$ 20,071,589 2,035,988	\$	18,627,623 2,620,129
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 22,107,577	\$	21,247,752
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 148,394,625 56,357,437	\$	151,476,068 47,507,881
Total Net Position	\$ 204,752,062	\$	198,983,949

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Enterprise Fund

Year ended September 30,	202	3	2022
Operating Revenues Passenger fares Advertising	\$ 4,534,78 385,45		4,216,120 410,866
Total Operating Revenues	4,920,24	0	4,626,986
Operating Expenses Salaries and fringe benefits Supplies and other operating expenses Depreciation and loss on disposal of assets	27,648,66 23,780,27 16,676,02	8	26,582,153 20,262,989 16,234,357
Total Operating Expenses	68,104,96	7	63,079,499
Operating Loss	(63,184,72	7)	(58,452,513)
Non-Operating Revenues State Federal Property taxes Other local	16,839,04 13,128,67 18,867,97 7,363,86	5 8	16,062,177 22,235,906 18,012,199 7,096,053
Total Non-Operating Revenues	56,199,56	6	63,406,335
Income (Loss), before capital contributions Capital Contributions	(6,985,16 12,753,27	,	4,953,822 9,427,007
Change in Net Position	5,768,11		14,380,829
Net Position, beginning of year	198,983,94	9	184,603,120
Net Position, end of year	\$ 204,752,06	2\$	198,983,949

Statements of Cash Flows Enterprise Fund

Year ended September 30,	2023	2022
Cash from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees and fringe benefits	\$ 7,939,457 (23,611,683) (29,020,156)	\$ 3,224,250 (26,307,390) (28,419,611)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(44,692,382)	(51,502,751)
Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities Federal grants received State grants received Local government assistance received Property taxes Other income	13,128,675 15,649,086 5,932,328 19,383,771 324,998	22,235,906 17,167,411 6,740,388 18,714,477 205,599
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	54,418,858	65,063,781
Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities Federal contributed capital State contributed capital Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	7,608,161 2,957,694 (12,517,218) 92,218	14,764,292 1,855,121 (9,427,007) 30,460
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,859,145)	7,222,866
Cash from Investing Activity Interest received on investments	1,004,299	119,606
Net Increase in Cash and Investments	8,871,630	20,903,502
Cash and Investments, beginning of year	67,052,999	46,149,497
Cash and Investments, end of year	\$ 75,924,629	\$ 67,052,999
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	\$ (63,184,727)	\$ (58,452,513)
cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and loss on disposal of assets Changes in assets and liabilities:	16,676,021	16,234,357
(Increase) decrease in billed receivables (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and deposits Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll Increase in unredeemed fares Decrease in pension-related items	2,855,379 (50,963) (55,980) 275,540 124,834 163,837 (1,496,322)	(1,520,304) (117,265) (501,261) (5,425,875) (694,499) 117,567 (1,142,959)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$ (44,692,382)	\$ (51,502,752)

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30,

	Pension Trust Funds					
		2023		2022		
Assets						
Cash and short-term investments (Note 2)	\$	727,749	\$	738,603		
Receivables: Interest and dividends receivable		3,071		671		
Investments, at fair value (Note 2): Bond mutual funds Equity mutual funds		3,114,317 10,210,834		3,025,040 8,955,882		
Total Investments, at fair value		13,325,151		11,980,922		
Total Assets		14,055,971		12,720,196		
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	14,055,971	\$	12,720,196		

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30,

	Pension Trust Funds				
		2023		2022	
Additions					
Employer and employee contributions	\$	900,000	\$	688,771	
Investment income (loss):					
Net appreciation (depreciation)		1,283,668		(2,517,648)	
Interest		23,467		1,428	
Dividends		275,560		357,762	
Investment expense		(12,304)		(12,353)	
Total Investment Income (Loss)		1,570,391		(2,170,811)	
Total Additions, net of investment income (loss)		2,470,391		(1,482,040)	
Deductions					
Benefits		1,091,824		975,093	
Administrative expense		42,792		39,130	
Total Deductions		1,134,616		1,014,223	
Change in Net Position		1,335,775		(2,496,263)	
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, beginning of year		12,720,196		15,216,459	
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, end of year	\$	14,055,971	\$	12,720,196	

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Interurban Transit Partnership (ITP) was created in 2000 pursuant to the provisions of the Public Transit Authority Act of 1986, as amended. The six-member municipalities of East Grand Rapids, Grand Rapids, Grandville, Kentwood, Walker, and Wyoming each levy 1.41 mills to fund operations.

ITP provides public passenger transportation to the general public in the greater Grand Rapids area. These financial statements include the Enterprise Fund and the Pension Trust Funds of ITP.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Enterprise Fund's and Pension Trust Funds' financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned; expenses are recognized when incurred. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are passenger fares. Operating expenses include salaries and benefits, supplies and operating expense, and depreciation. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues.

Cash

ITP considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments in Kent County's investment pool, and governmental money market funds with local financial institutions with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash for the statements of cash flows.

Materials and Supplies Inventories

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market.

Investments

Investments in bond mutual funds and equities are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Capital Assets

Property, buildings, and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Assets having a useful life in excess of three years and whose costs exceed \$1,000 are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Contributions of funds from federal, state, or local sources for the purpose of purchasing property, plant, and equipment are recorded as contributions when received.

Estimated useful lives of the related assets by asset category are as follows:

Asset category	Useful Life (Years)
Facilities	20-40
Revenue vehicles	3-12
Support equipment	3-10
Land improvements	10-30
Information systems, technology, and software	3-10

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by ITP before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria are met or when ITP has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statements of net position and revenue is recognized.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. ITP has pension-related items that qualify to be reported in this category. These amounts are expensed in the plan years in which it applies.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. ITP has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First, ITP reports a deferred inflow of resources for property taxes received or receivable prior to the period for which they were levied. Second are the future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of ITP's pension plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets is net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through legislation or external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

Compensated Absences

Bus operators, maintenance, and facility employees are credited 56 hours of personal paid leave each year on their seniority date. An employee who has worked less than 1,680 hours in the prior 12 months shall be credited with a proportionate share of paid personal leave. Paid personal leave may be accrued with no maximum limit. Upon termination, employees are paid for unused personal leave at their current rates.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1. ITP's taxes are billed on July 1 and are due without penalty on July 31 for the city of Grand Rapids and September 14 for all other local governments. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to Kent County for collection. The county then advances ITP 100% of the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of the delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the local communities.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which they are levied, with proper allowances made for estimated uncollectible amounts. ITP levied 1.41 mills and 1.4308 mills for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively, for operations as approved by the voters and adjusted by MCL211.34d (Headlee adjustment) in a prior year.

Advertising

ITP advertising is outsourced. The contracting agency is responsible for any related expenses. ITP records no advertising expenses, and none are included in total eligible operating expenses.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

ITP is party to two subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). ITP recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the financial statements. ITP recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial term greater than 12 months. Remaining subscription terms range from three to four years with fixed payments due annually. For SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, ITP recognizes expenses based on the provisions of the arrangement.

At the commencement of a SBITA, ITP initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of expected subscription payments to be made over the SBITA term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial measurement of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments associated with the SBITA contract made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs, less any vendor

Notes to Financial Statements

incentives received at the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the IT asset or subscription term.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how ITP determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) the subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

ITP uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, ITP generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The subscription term includes the noncancellable period during which ITP has a noncancellable right to use the underlying IT assets. The subscription term also includes periods covered by an option to extend if reasonably certain ITP or vendor will exercise that option or to terminate if it is reasonably certain that ITP or vendor will not exercise that option. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments.

ITP monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of a SBITA and will remeasure the subscription asset and subscription liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

ITP capitalizes qualifying initial implementation costs of \$1,000 or more as part of the subscription asset. Preliminary project stage outlays are expensed as included. Operation and additional implementation stage activities are expensed as incurred unless they meet specific capitalization criteria.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncements

ITP adopted GASB Statement Number 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, on October 1, 2022. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on net position as of October 1, 2022 and therefore no changes have been made to beginning net position as previously reported.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 17, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on that evaluation, there were no matters identified that had a significant impact on the financial statements as presented.

2. Cash and Investments

Deposits

State statutes require that certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, and depository receipts are made with banks doing and having a place of business in the state of Michigan that are also members of a federal or national insurance corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, ITP's deposits might not be recovered. ITP minimizes custodial credit risk by pre-qualifying financial institutions. At September 30, 2023, the bank balances were \$77,156,747, of which \$74,736,405 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Accounts held by government depositors are insured as follows:

In-state accounts: All time, savings, and demand deposits owned by a public unit in an insured depository institution are added together and insured up to \$250,000.

Investments

State statutes authorize ITP to invest in obligations and certain repurchase agreements of the U.S. Treasury and related governmental agencies, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days from the date of purchase, bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit issued or created by any state or national bank insured with the applicable federal agency, investment pools authorized by the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act, and mutual funds composed entirely of the above investments.

ITP's Enterprise Fund had the following investment, which is measured at amortized cost:

September 30,			2023		2022
Investment	Maturity	An	Amortized Cost		nortized Cost
Kent County Investment Pool	Less than 1 year	\$	6,291,536	\$	6,139,098

Interest Rate Risk

ITP minimizes interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term investments.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, ITP will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. ITP minimizes custodial credit risk by limiting investments and pre-qualifying financial institutions. ITP had no investments subject to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2023.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. ITP's policy to mitigate such risk is by limiting investment choices to that of the highest ratings and direct obligations of the United States or those that are guaranteed by the United States.

At September 30, 2023, ITP's investments had the following credit ratings and exposure:

Investment Type	Rating	Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Investments (%)
Enterprise Fund Kent County Investment Pool	Not rated	100
Pension Trust Funds Money market funds Bond mutual funds and equities	Moody's A-mf Not rated	5.2 94.8

Fair Value Measurement

ITP is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - This level consists of quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2 - This level consists of prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, and others.

Level 3 - This level consists of prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices are observable, or inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect on ITP's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the investment assets at fair value as of June 30, 2023 and 2022. As required by the fair value measurement standard, assets are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to Financial Statements

The balances of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

June 30, 2023

		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Pension Trust Fund								
Cash and short-term investments	\$	727,749	\$	-	\$	-	\$	727,749
Equity mutual funds		10,210,834		-		-		10,210,834
Bond mutual funds		3,114,317		-		-		3,114,317
Investments, at fair value	\$	14,052,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,052,900
June 30, 2022		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Pension Trust Fund								
Cash and short-term investments	\$	738,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$	738,603
Equity mutual funds	·	8,955,882		-	•	-	•	8,955,882
Bond mutual funds		3,025,040		-		-		3,025,040
Investments, at fair value	Ś	12,719,525	s	-	Ś	-	Ś	12,719,525

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3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity is as follows:

	Balance, October 1, 2022		Additions	Dele Reclassific	tions/ ations	Bal Septembo	ance, er 30, 2023
Capital Assets							
Capital assets not being							
depreciated:	<u>~</u>	~	4 050 440	ć		¢ 4.05	
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$	1,958,118	\$	-		8,118
Land	12,138,892		-		-	12,13	
Artwork	368,470		-		-		8,470
Easements - intangible	55,343		-		-	5	5,343
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Facilities	120,752,930		630,730		-	121,38	
Revenue vehicles	83,915,094		3,483,312		58,883	86,03	
Support equipment	17,876,445		3,268,959	8	15,774	20,32	
Land improvements	5,722,146		680,465		-	6,40	2,611
Information systems and							
technology	25,490,842		2,445,645		-	27,93	6,487
Software - intangible	4,055,072		49,990		-	4,10	5,062
SBITA	-		1,077,359		-	1,07	7,359
Total Capital Assets	270,375,234		13,594,578	2,17	74,657	281,79	5,155
Accumulated Depreciation							
Facilities	37,640,566		4,644,871		_	42,28	5 /37
Revenue vehicles	41,215,590		7,071,383	1 21	58,883	46,92	
Support equipment	13,993,822		1,402,468		15,774	14,58	
Land improvements	3,013,542		357,761	0	13,774		1,303
Information systems and	3,013,342		337,701		-	3,37	1,303
•	10 502 402		7 714 755			22.20	7 4 4 9
technology	19,582,693		2,714,755		-	22,29	
Software - intangible	3,452,953		248,728		-		1,681
SBITA	-		236,055		-	23	6,055
Total Accumulated Depreciation	118,899,166		16,676,021	2,17	74,657	133,40	0,530
Net Capital Assets	\$ 151,476,068	\$	(3,081,443)	\$	-	\$ 148,39	4,625

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Notes to Financial Statements

Please note the \$1,958,118 amount in construction in progress are the costs for the Ellsworth renovation project through September 30, 2023. It is anticipated that the project will be completed at the beginning of 2024 and estimated costs to complete this project are approximately \$1,300,000 at September 30, 2023.

	Oct	Balance, ober 1, 2021	Additions	Recl	Deletions/ .assifications	Balance, September 30, 2022
Capital Assets						
Capital assets not being						
depreciated:						
Construction in progress	\$	171,715	\$ -	\$	171,715	\$ -
Land		9,367,620	2,771,272		-	12,138,892
Artwork		368,470	-		-	368,470
Easements - intangible		55,343	-		-	55,343
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Facilities		117,678,642	3,074,288		-	120,752,930
Revenue vehicles		83,340,271	574,823		-	83,915,094
Support equipment		16,790,853	1,121,877		36,285	17,876,445
Land improvements		5,324,532	397,614		-	5,722,146
Information systems and						
technology		24,679,954	1,224,357		413,469	25,490,842
Software - intangible		3,633,841	434,491		13,260	4,055,072
Total Capital Assets		261,411,241	9,598,722		634,729	270,375,234
Accumulated Depreciation						
Facilities		33,059,029	4,581,537		-	37,640,566
Revenue vehicles		34,188,162	7,027,428		-	41,215,590
Support equipment		12,764,597	1,265,510		36,285	13,993,822
Land improvements		2,738,505	275,037			3,013,542
Information systems and		, ,	- /			, ,
technology		17,115,909	2,880,253		413,469	19,582,693
Software - intangible		3,261,621	204,592		13,260	3,452,953
Total Accumulated Depreciation		103,127,823	16,234,357		463,014	118,899,166
Net Capital Assets	\$	158,283,418	\$ (6,635,635)	\$	171,715	\$ 151,476,068

4. Pension and Retirement Plans

ITP has two single-employer defined benefit pension plans that provide retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries consisting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Pension Plan (Administrative Plan) and the Interurban Transit Partnership and Amalgamated Transit Union Pension Plan (Non-Administrative Plan).

Plan Description - Administrative Plan

ITP administers the Administrative Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for participants as defined by the plan document. The plan is currently closed to new participants. Administrative employees were eligible to participate when they attained 21 years of age and completed one full year of service. One full year of service is defined as at least 1,000 hours of service in the 12-consecutive-month period beginning on the employee's hire date. The plan provided for vesting based on years of credited service, ranging from 20% at three years

Notes to Financial Statements

to 100% at five or more years. The pension benefit, payable monthly for life to the retired employee, equals 50% of the employee's average monthly compensation, adjusted for the employee's years of credited service. Full benefits are received if the employee retires at age 65 and is fully vested.

The financial statements of the plan are included in these financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund (a fiduciary fund).

The plan's membership consisted of:

June 30,	2023	2022
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet	13	14
receiving them	11	13
Active plan members	1	1
Total	25	28

Plan Description - Non-Administrative Plan

ITP administers the Amalgamated Transit Union Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for participants as defined by the plan document. The plan is a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan for ITP's non-administrative employees (drivers and mechanics). The plan is currently closed to new participants. Non-administrative employees were eligible to participate upon completion of 60 days of continuous service. Accumulated benefits attributable to ITP contributions are fully vested after five years of service. Termination of employment prior to completion of five years of service results in the forfeiture of the accumulated benefits attributable to ITP contributions. The pension benefit, payable monthly for life to the retired employee, equals a minimum of \$230.45, increased by a function of the employee's years of credited service or \$34 per year of service, whichever is greater.

The financial statements of the plan are included in these financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund (a fiduciary fund).

The plan's membership consisted of:

June 30,	2023	2022
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet	148	136
receiving them	170	160
Active plan members	134	165
Total	452	461

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of both plans have been prepared on the accrual basis. The employer contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contribution has been made. Benefits are recognized when due and payable, according to the terms of the plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

Funding Policy

The Administrative Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of ITP. Article 9, Section 24 of the Regulations of the State of Michigan constitution requires the financial benefits arising on account of service rendered each year be funded during that year. ITP retains an actuary to determine the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. ITP is required to contribute the actuarially determined amount.

The Non-Administrative Plan was established and is being funded under the authority of ITP and under agreements with the union representing employees covered by the plan. The plan's funding policy is that the employer will contribute to the plan based on the current negotiated rate; for July 1, 2017 to December 10, 2017, this rate is \$1.00 for each hour of service completed. ITP is required by the terms of the plan to contribute based on the negotiated rate. This fund is now closed.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for both plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Administrative Plan	Non- Administrative Plan
Inflation	2.50	2.50
Salary increases	0.00	0.00
Investment rate of return	6.00	6.50

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Administrative Plan was 6.00% and 6.50% for the Non-Administrative Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the most recent recommended contribution expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. Based on those assumptions, both plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. For projected benefits that are covered by projected assets, the long-term expected rate was used to discount the projected benefits. From the year that benefit payments were not projected to be covered by the projected assets (the depletion date), projected benefits were discounted at a discount rate reflecting a 20-year AA/Aa tax-exempt municipal bond yield. A single equivalent discount rate is used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following tables present the pension plans' net pension liability, calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Administrative Plan	1% Decrease (5.00)	Current Rate (6.00)	1% Increase (7.00)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 311,899	\$ 140,317	\$ (7,969)
Non-Administrative Plan	1% Decrease (5.50)	Current Rate (6.50)	1% Increase (7.50)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,443,389	\$ 1,006,603	\$ (199,584)

Long-Term Expected Rates of Return and Asset Allocation

The long-term expected rates of return on retirement plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of retirement plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rates of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates are arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the retirement plan's investment policy.

	Administra	ative Plan	Non-Administrative Plan				
		Long-Term Expected		Long-Term Expected			
	Target	Rate of	Target	Rate of			
Asset Class	Allocation (%)	Return (%)	Allocation (%)	Return (%)			
Domestic equity	50.00	7.50	50.00	7.50			
International equity	10.00	8.50	15.00	8.50			
Domestic bonds	32.50	2.50	20.00	2.50			
International bonds	7.50	3.50	5.00	3.50			
Real estate	0.00	0.00	10.00	4.50			

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Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table summarizes changes in the net pension liability related to the Administrative Plan:

	٦	Fotal Pension Liability (a)	I	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance, July 1, 2022	\$	2,197,840	\$	1,718,210	\$ 479,630
Changes in Pension Liability Service cost					
Interest		121,643		-	121,643
Experience gains		(55,815)		-	(55,815)
Contributions - employer		-		250,000	(250,000)
Assumption change		2,531		-	2,531
Net investment income (loss)		-		172,097	(172,097)
Benefit payments		(340,891)		(340,891)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(14,425)	14,425
Net Changes in Pension Liability		(272,532)		66,781	(339,313)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	1,925,308	\$	1,784,991	\$ 140,317

The following table summarizes changes in the net pension liability related to the Non-Administrative Plan:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance, July 1, 2022	\$ 13,449,564	\$ 11,001,986	\$ 2,447,578
Changes in Pension Liability Interest Experience (gains) losses Contributions - employer Assumption change	849,817 (298,166) - 27,301	- 650,000 - 1,398,294	849,817 (298,166) (650,000) 27,301 (1,398,294)
Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments Administrative expenses Net Changes in Pension Liability	(750,933) - (171,981)	(750,933) (28,367) 1,268,994	(1,398,294) - - 28,367 (1,440,975)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 13,277,583	\$ 12,270,980	\$ 1,006,603

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2023, ITP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions from the following sources:

	 Administr	ati	ve Plan	11	Non-Administrative Plan					
	 Deferred Itflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Investment earnings losses	\$ - - 59,100	\$	-	\$	197,520 513,182 183,254	\$ 351,206 1,684,782 -				
Total	\$ 59,100	\$	-	\$	893,956	\$ 2,035,988				

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are the result of differences in expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors, or from changes in assumptions regarding those factors, are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining period of service for all plan participants. Those time periods are five years for both plans. The differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over five years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

(ear	ending	September	30,

	Adm	ninistrative Plan	Admi	Non- nistrative Plan	Total	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$	8,217 (1,059) 66,374 (14,432)	Ş	(724,250) (566,906) 114,263 (65,281) 91,055 9,087	\$	(716,033) (567,965) 180,637 (79,713) 91,055 9,087

Components of Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2023, ITP recognized pension expense of \$6,489 for the Administrative Plan and \$(602,811) for the Non-Administrative Plan.

Below are the components of the total pension expense:

Year ended September 30, 2023

	Adr	ninistrative Plan	Ad	Non- ministrative Plan
Interest Experience gains Assumption change Projected earnings on pension plan investments Investment earnings losses Administrative expenses	\$	121,643 (55,815) 2,531 (99,933) 23,638 14,425	\$	849,817 (225,157) (494,388) (710,927) (50,523) 28,367
Total Pension Expense	\$	6,489	\$	(602,811)

For the year ended September 30, 2023, actual cash payments made were \$250,000 and \$650,000 for the Administrative Plan and the Non-Administrative Plan, respectively.

Defined Contribution - Administrative Plan

ITP has a non-contributory defined contribution benefit plan for its administrative employees. The plan was established July 1, 2000. Administrative employees are eligible to participate on the first day of the month following completion of six months of service, provided that the employee has at least 500 hours of service. The plan provides 100% vesting after five years of service. The contribution is made monthly at 10% of compensation paid during the month. ITP made contributions totaling \$566,631 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Defined Contribution - Non-Administrative Plan

ITP has a contributory defined contribution benefit plan for its non-administrative employees. The plan had an initial effective date of August 1, 2018, with ITP contributions retroactive to the December 11, 2017 effective date of a new bargaining agreement. Non-administrative employees are eligible to participate after completion of a probationary period of 90 or 150 days. The plan provides 100% vesting after five years of service, with intermediate vesting levels for fewer years of service. Contributions are made bi-weekly and consist of 6% of eligible compensation, plus a match of participants' additional elective contributions up to 1% of eligible compensation. ITP made contributions totaling \$1,001,564 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

5. Risk Management

ITP is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of and damage to assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. ITP carries commercial insurance for most risks of loss, including employee life, health, and accident insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. ITP participated in a public entity risk pool for property and liability coverage through November 30, 2009. ITP paid an annual premium to the entity risk pool, which is adjusted retroactively to reflect the actual cost. Each member is responsible for all losses falling within its selected retention level, plus its share of pool losses and administrative expenses, less its share of investment income. The agreement for formation of the Michigan Transit Pool (the Pool) provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining

Notes to Financial Statements

through member premiums and will provide property and liability coverage to its members for the first \$2,000,000 per occurrence. The Pool has purchased excess insurance for an additional \$3,000,000 per occurrence. In addition, ITP carried excess insurance for an additional \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The Pool publishes its own financial report, which can be obtained from the Pool. ITP's participation in the Pool ended as of December 1, 2009, except with regard to known and unknown covered events occurring prior to December 1, 2009. ITP currently purchases commercial insurance for property and liability with coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence with a \$50,000 deductible and has excess coverage for an additional \$5,000,000. ITP carries catastrophic insurance to cover direct damage to property.

6. Description of Grant Funding

The following is a description of ITP's major grant funding:

Operations

ITP's general operations are funded as follows:

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) authorized funding for fiscal years 2023 and 2022 of up to 50% of eligible expenses, based on actual costs and the appropriated funds available. Maximum operating assistance from MDOT totaled \$22,553,611 and \$22,465,395 in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Actual operating assistance accrued based on MDOT's stated funding rate of 29.2015% and 29.5134%, respectively, totaled \$13,171,985 and \$13,260,604 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Capital Acquisitions

Funds used to purchase property, buildings, and equipment were advanced to ITP pursuant to grants provided by agencies of the state and federal governments. Funding is generally provided by the Federal Transit Authority (FTA) (80%) and by MDOT (20%). Pursuant to the terms of those grants and applicable state and federal law, ITP is required to remit to the state and federal governments substantially all of the amounts it may receive as a result of the sale or other disposal of the property that has been purchased with monies provided by state and federal grants.

Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and potential adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although ITP expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

7. Subscription Liabilities

Changes in subscription liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Ba Septembe			Re-	Sept	Balance ember 30,	nounts due					
		2022		Additions	meas	measurements Deductions				20223 within or		
Subscription liabilities	\$	-	\$	1,077,359	\$	-	\$	(241,529)	\$	835,830	\$	259,040

Notes to Financial Statements

SBITA Payments Maturity Schedule

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

September 30,

	 Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 259,040	\$ 52,347	\$ 311,387
2025	277,819	33,568	311,387
2026	232,575	13,426	246,001
2027	66,396	-	66,396
Total	\$ 835,830	\$ 99,341	\$ 935,171

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Administrative Plan

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ - 121,643	\$ - 132,650 -	\$ - 147,516 -	\$ - 166,683 -	\$ - 222,849 -	\$ - 298,964 -
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments	(55,815) 2,531 (340,891)	(28,168) (13,943) (207,063)	208,572 (8,535) (983,585)	70,045 139,623 (185,757)	652,124 (2,976) (3,355,575)	(17,596) 92,870 (177,586)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(272,532)	(116,524)	(636,032)	190,594	(2,483,578)	196,652
Total Pension Liability - beginning	2,197,840	2,314,364	2,950,396	2,759,802	5,243,380	5,046,728
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	1,925,308	2,197,840	2,314,364	2,950,396	2,759,802	5,243,380
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments Administrative expenses	250,000 172,097 (340,891) (14,425)	152,611 (281,958) (207,063) (14,315)	408,451 451,877 (983,585) (14,385)	419,186 79,677 (185,757) (13,905)	400,000 126,980 (3,355,575) (14,445)	207,924 250,474 (177,586) (12,580)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	66,781	(350,725)	(137,642)	299,201	(2,843,040)	268,232
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	1,718,210	2,068,935	2,206,577	1,907,376	4,750,416	4,482,184
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	1,784,991	1,718,210	2,068,935	2,206,577	1,907,376	4,750,416
Net Pension Liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 140,317	\$ 479,630	\$ 245,429	\$ 743,819	\$ 852,426	\$ 492,964
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (%)	92.7	78.2	89.4	74.8	69.1	90.6
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 51,122	\$ 48,532	\$ 48,337	\$ 205,047	\$ 210,141	\$ 707,023
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (%)	274.5	988.3	507.7	362.8	405.6	41.9

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, ITP presents information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Non-Administrative Plan

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$ - 849,817 -	\$ - 861,713 -	\$ - 848,945 -	\$ - 800,046 -	\$ - 782,627 -	\$ 424,425 823,542 (1,612,940)
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Benefit payments	(298,166) 27,301 (750,933)	(228,921) (56,342) (768,030)	111,431 - (759,830)	43,263 637,632 (697,478)	194,529 (56,593) (607,696)	25,377 373,105 (597,778)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(171,981)	(191,580)	200,546	783,463	312,867	(564,269)
Total Pension Liability - beginning	13,449,564	13,641,144	13,440,598	12,657,135	12,344,268	12,908,537
Total Pension Liability - ending (a)	13,277,583	13,449,564	13,641,144	13,440,598	12,657,135	12,344,268
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments Administrative expenses	650,000 1,398,294 (750,933) (28,367)	536,160 (1,888,853) (768,030) (24,815)	766,843 2,998,961 (759,830) (27,722)	387,328 501,605 (697,478) (25,729)	250,000 715,694 (607,696) (28,605)	529,010 648,430 (597,778) (32,948)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	1,268,994	(2,145,538)	2,978,252	165,726	329,393	546,714
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning	11,001,986	13,147,524	10,169,272	10,003,546	9,674,153	9,127,439
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending (b)	12,270,980	11,001,986	13,147,524	10,169,272	10,003,546	9,674,153
Net Pension Liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,006,603	\$ 2,447,578	\$ 493,620	\$ 3,271,326	\$ 2,653,589	\$ 2,670,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (%)	92.4	81.8	96.4	75.7	79.0	78.4
Covered-employee payroll	N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A	 N/A
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, ITP presents information for those years for which information is available.

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution	\$ 508,748 250,000	\$ 144,807 152,611	\$ 408,541 408,451	\$ 419,186 419,186	\$ 192,821 400,000	\$ 52,414 207,924	\$ 74,018 250,000	\$ 216,577 1,234,492
Contribution (Excess)	\$ 258,748	\$ (7,804)	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ (207,179)	\$ (155,510)	\$ (175,982)	\$(1,017,915)
Covered payroll Actual contribution as % of	\$ 51,122	\$ 48,532	\$ 48,337	\$ 205,047	\$ 210,141	\$ 707,023	\$ 625,402	\$ 660,626
covered payroll (%)	489.0	314.5	845.0	204.4	190.3	29.4	40.0	186.9

Schedule of Contributions - Administrative Plan

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date	July 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Unit Credit
Asset valuation method	Market value
Retirement age	Age 65
Interest rate	6.00% per year
Mortality tables:	
Pre-retirement	None
Post-retirement	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for General Employees; annuitant and non- annuitant, sex-distinct with modified MP-2019 improvement factors
Turnover rates	None
Salary scale	None
Ancillary benefits values	None
Administrative experience	Prior year, rounded to nearest \$100
Date and form of data	All personnel and asset data was prepared by the plan sponsor or a representative and was generally relied upon as being correct and complete without audit by Watkins Ross
Changes since prior valuation	Mortality improvement scale updated from MP-2020
Cost of living adjustments after retirement	None

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, ITP presents information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Contributions - Non-Administrative Plan

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Actual contribution	\$262,597 650,000	\$ 321,702 536,160	\$ 455,490 766,843	\$ 387,328 387,328	\$ 376,920 250,000	\$ 735,101 529,010	\$ 775,392 987,300	\$ 746,846 644,412
Contribution (Excess)	\$ (387,403)	\$ (214,458)	\$ (311,353)	\$ -	\$ 126,920	\$ 206,091	\$ (211,908)	\$ 102,434
Covered payroll Actual contribution as % of	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
covered payroll (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Schedule of Contributions - Non-Administrative Plan

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date	July 1, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Unit Credit
Asset valuation method	75% of expected assets plus 25% of market value of assets, including contributions accrued for hours worked through the valuation date, but not less than 80%, nor more than 120% of market value
Retirement age	10% of active employees are assumed to retire at age 62 (if eligible for early retirement) and all remaining at age 65 (or current age if older); terminated vested participants are assumed to retire at age 65
Interest rate	6.50%
Mortality table	SOA RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Mortality Table for Blue-Collar Employees with MP-2020 Improvement Scale
Post-disablement mortality rates	Disabled retirees receiving benefits who have not attained age 65 are valued with applicable mortality rates from IRS Rev. Rul. 96-7 and 1964 OASDI rates of mortality
Turnover rates	Crocker-Sarason-Straight T-5
Ancillary benefits values	Vesting and pre-retirement death
Normal cost expenses (non-investment related)	Estimated expense is calculated as the average of prior two years' non-investment-related expenses paid from the trust, rounded to the nearest \$1,000
Date and form of data	All personnel and asset data was prepared by the plan sponsor or a representative and was generally relied upon as being correct and complete without audit by Watkins Ross
Changes since prior valuation	Mortality improvement scale updated from MP-2020
Cost of living adjustments after retirement	None

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, ITP presents information for those years for which information is available. Supplementary Information

Combining Statement of Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds

June 30, 2023

	Administrative Administr Plan				Total			
Assets								
Cash and short-term investments	\$	136,439	\$	591,310	\$	727,749		
Receivables: Interest and dividends receivable		409		2,662		3,071		
Investments, at fair value: Bond mutual funds Equity mutual funds		583,338 1,064,806		2,530,979 9,146,028		3,114,317 10,210,834		
Total Investments, at fair value		1,648,144		11,677,007		13,325,151		
Total Assets		1,784,992		12,270,979		14,055,971		
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	1,784,992	\$	12,270,979	\$	14,055,971		

Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position Pension Trust Funds

Year ended June 30, 2023

	Ac	lministrative Plan	Total	
Additions Employer and employee contributions	\$	250,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 900,000
Investment income (loss): Net appreciation Interest Dividends Investment expense		131,330 2,118 40,144 (1,494)	1,152,338 21,349 235,416 (10,810)	1,283,668 23,467 275,560 (12,304)
Total Investment Income		172,098	1,398,293	1,570,391
Total Additions		422,098	2,048,293	2,470,391
Deductions Benefits Administrative expense		340,892 14,424	750,932 28,368	1,091,824 42,792
Total Deductions		355,316	779,300	1,134,616
Change in Net Position Net Position Held in Trust for Pension		66,782	1,268,993	1,335,775
Benefits, beginning of year		1,718,210	11,001,986	12,720,196
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, end of year	\$	1,784,992	\$ 12,270,979	\$ 14,055,971

Schedule of Non-Operating Revenues - Local

Total Other Income Total Non-Operating Revenues - Local	Ś	<u>1,431,539</u> 26,231,845
Total Other Income		1 421 520
Billboard lease		23,395
Fare evasion fines		1,280
Vending machine		22,166
Ride project coordination		31,284
Miscellaneous		12,508
Interest income		1,004,299
Alternative Fuel Credit		177,535
CNG fuel sales		40,223
Retail lease		26,631
Other Income Gain on sale of capital assets		92,218
		24,000,000
Total Local Revenue		24,800,306
Other local services		572
Gaines Township		41,930
Cascade Township		198,153
Disabilities Advocates of Kent County - DAKC		60,984
Allerine Township		90,033 87,692
Grand Rapids Community College Amtrak		93,529
Ferris State University		108,923
Van pool		(1,243)
DASH - city of Grand Rapids		1,659,742
Network180		403,637
Grand Valley State University		3,188,376
Property taxes	\$	18,867,978
Local Revenue		

Schedule of Non-Operating Revenues - State and Federal

State of Michigan Grants General operating assistance Capital assistance Preventive maintenance (operating) Planning and miscellaneous project assistance Specialized services	\$ 14,310,222 359,969 690,810 148,069 1,329,976
Total State of Michigan Grants	16,839,046
Federal Government Grants	
Capital assistance	1,451,498
ARP Act Assistance	8,321,660
Preventive maintenance (operating)	2,763,242
Planning and miscellaneous project assistance	592,275
Total Federal Government Grants	13,128,675
Total Non-Operating Revenues - State and Federal	\$ 29,967,721

Schedule of Operating Expenses by Function

		General		_	Total	
	Operations	Maintenance	Administration	Total	Grants	System
Labor Operators' salaries and wages Other salaries and wages Dispatchers' salaries and wages	\$ 12,093,929 1,746,066 181,895	\$ - 2,892,319 -	\$ - 2,074,673 -	\$ 12,093,929 6,713,058 181,895	\$ - - -	\$ 12,093,929 6,713,058 181,895
Total Labor	14,021,890	2,892,319	2,074,673	18,988,882	-	18,988,882
Fringe Benefits Pension - defined benefit (actual paid) Pension - defined benefit (GASB adjustment) Pension - defined contribution Other fringe benefits	654,138 (1,164,733) 1,081,051 5,508,451	137,425 (225,966) 241,369 1,222,829	108,437 (105,623) 245,776 956,634	900,000 (1,496,322) 1,568,196 7,687,914	- - -	900,000 (1,496,322) 1,568,196 7,687,914
Total Fringe Benefits	6,078,907	1,375,657	1,205,224	8,659,788	-	8,659,788
Services Audit fees Other services	- 533,078	2,028,524	39,135 874,669	39,135 3,436,271	- 885,336	39,135 4,321,607
Total Services	533,078	2,028,524	913,804	3,475,406	885,336	4,360,742
Materials and Supplies Consumed Fuel and lubricants Tires and tubes Other materials and supplies	2,716,979 - 13,969	- 33,782 1,607,160	93,968	2,716,979 33,782 1,715,097	- 285,691 42,731	2,716,979 319,473 1,757,828
Total Materials and Supplies Consumed	2,730,948	1,640,942	93,968	4,465,858	328,422	4,794,280
Utilities Other	-	-	1,403,663	1,403,663	-	1,403,663
Casualty and Liability Costs Premiums for public liability and property damage insurance Other insurance	2,181,385	-	- 286,439	2,181,385 286,439	-	2,181,385 286,439
Total Casualty and Liability Costs	2,181,385		286,439	2,467,824		2,467,824

Schedule of Operating Expenses by Function

			General (Оре	rations			Total
	Operations	1	Maintenance	Ad	ministration	Total	Grants	System
Purchased Transportation	\$ 7,269,465	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,269,465	\$ 2,372,146	\$ 9,641,611
Miscellaneous								
Travel and training	17,030		9,957		30,168	57,155	17,321	74,476
Meetings	2,210		793		3,044	6,047	-	6,047
Advertising and promotion	-		-		71,293	71,293	68,786	140,079
Dues	1,168		-		158,824	159,992	27,305	187,297
Other miscellaneous	948		39,475		68,966	109,389	-	109,389
Total Miscellaneous	21,356		50,225		332,295	403,876	113,412	517,288
Lease	-		-		58,812	58,812	-	58,812
Subscription Based Information Technology Asset	-		-		85,947	85,947	-	85,947
Depreciation and Loss on Disposal of Assets	-		-		16,676,021	16,676,021	-	16,676,021
Non-Rapid Enhancements	-		-		-	-	182,471	182,471
Preventive Maintenance	-		(3,186,414)		-	(3,186,414)	3,454,052	267,638
Total Expenses	\$ 32,837,029	\$	4,801,253	\$	23,130,846	\$ 60,769,128	\$ 7,335,839	\$ 68,104,967

Schedule of Expenses by Grant

Year ended September 30, 2023

	Total	001 General Operations	540 MI-2017-X023 17-0070-P3 FY17 Section 5307	550 MI-2018-011 17-0070-P7 FY18 Section 5307	560 MI-2019-023 17-0070-P13 FY19 Section 5307	570 MI-2020-047 17-0070-P16 FY20 Section 5307	580 MI-2021-022 17-0070-P18 FY20 Section 5307	590 MI-2022-029 22-0073-P3 FY22 Section 5307	772 MI-2019-024 17-0070-P12 FY 19 -21 Section 5307	773 MI-2022-042 22-0073-P6 FY 23 Section 5307	798 2022-0073-P6 FY 23 Specialized Services	870/871 MI-2017-015 FY17 Section 5339	849 MI-2022-029 22-0073-P3 FY22 Section 5339	987 MI-2019-010 TOD Grant
Expenses														
Labor	\$18,988,882	\$18,988,882	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Ş -	\$ -	Ş -	\$ -	Ş -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fringe benefits	8,659,788	8,659,788	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Services	4,360,742	3,475,406	-	98,124	79,328	-	-	493,271	-	3,330	-	200,302	10,981	-
Materials and supplies consumed	4,794,280	4,465,858	-	-	273,584	51,844	2,993	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Utilities	1,403,663	1,403,663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Casualty and liability costs	2,467,824	2,467,824	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased transportation	9,641,611	7,269,465	-	-	-	-	110,819	700,000	231,350	-	1,329,976	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	517,288	403,876	-	17,354	19,755	-	24,060	298	50,085	-	-	1,859	-	-
Lease	58,812	58,812	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and loss on disposal														
of assets	16,676,021	16,676,021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subscription Based Information														
Technology Assets (SBITA)	85,947	85,947	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonrapid enhancements	182,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	182,471	-	-
Preventive maintenance	267,638	(3,186,414)	-	683,723	1,500,000	1,270,329	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenses	\$68,104,967	\$60,769,128	\$	\$ 799,202	\$ 1,872,667	\$ 1,322,173	\$ 137,873	\$ 1,193,570	\$ 281,436	\$ 3,330	\$ 1,329,976	\$ 384,632	\$ 10,981	Ş -

ITP charges only direct costs to its grant projects. Therefore, ITP has no Bureau of Passenger Transportation approved cost allocation plan. As there are no indirect costs allocated to programs such as specialized services, there was no review of the methodology for capturing nonfinancial information for such programs.

Schedule of Regular Service Expenses by Function - Urban

	Onerations		laintananaa	۸	Incipiaturation	Tatal
	Operations	N	laintenance	AC	Iministration	Total
Labor Operators' salaries and wages Other salaries and wages Dispatchers' salaries and wages	\$ 12,093,929 1,746,066 181,895	\$	۔ 2,892,319 -	\$	۔ 2,074,673 -	\$ 12,093,929 6,713,058 181,895
Total Labor	14,021,890		2,892,319		2,074,673	18,988,882
Fringe Benefits Pension - defined benefit Pension - defined benefit (GASB) Pension - defined contributions Other fringe benefits	654,138 (1,164,733) 1,081,051 5,508,451		137,425 (225,966) 241,369 1,222,829		108,437 (105,623) 245,776 959,634	900,000 (1,496,322) 1,568,196 7,687,914
Total Fringe Benefits	6,078,907		1,375,657		1,205,224	8,659,788
Services Audit fees Other services	533,078		- 2,028,524		39,135 874,669	39,135 3,436,271
Total Services	533,078		2,028,524		913,804	3,475,406
Materials and Supplies Consumed Fuel and lubricants Tires and tubes Other materials and supplies	2,716,979 - 13,969		- 33,782 1,607,160		- - 93,968	2,716,979 33,782 1,715,097
Total Materials and Supplies Consumed	2,703,948		1,640,942		93,968	4,465,858
Utilities Other	-		-		1,403,663	1,403,663
Total Utilities	-		-		1,403,663	1,403,663
Casualty and Liability Costs Premiums for public liability and property damage insurance Other insurance	2,181,385		-		۔ 286,439	2,181,385 286,439
Total Casualty and Liability Costs	2,181,385		-		286,439	2,467,824
Purchased Transportation	7,269,465		-		-	7,269,465
Miscellaneous Travel and training Meetings Advertising/promotion media Dues Other miscellaneous	17,030 2,210 - 1,168 948		9,957 793 - 39,475		30,168 3,044 71,293 158,824 68,966	57,155 6,047 71,293 159,992 109,389
Total Miscellaneous	21,356		50,225		332,295	403,876
Lease	-				55,812	55,812
Preventative Maintenance	-		(3,186,414)		-	(3,186,414)
Subscription Based Information Technology Asset	 -		-		85,947	85,947
Depreciation and Loss on Disposal of Assets	-		-		16,676,021	16,676,021
Total Expenses	\$ 32,837,029	\$	4,801,253	\$	23,130,846	\$ 60,769,128

Schedule of Regular Service Revenues - Urban

Operating Revenues	
Passenger fares	\$ 4,534,783
Advertising	385,457
Total Operating Revenues	4,920,240
Non-Operating Revenues	
State and federal assistance	29,967,721
Local Revenue	
Property taxes	18,867,978
Grand Valley State University	3,188,376
Network180	403,637
DASH - city of Grand Rapids	1,659,742
Van pool	(1,243)
Ferris State University	108,923
Grand Rapids Community College	93,529
Amtrak	90,033
Alpine Township	87,692
Disabilities Advocate for Kent County (DAKC)	60,984
Cascade Township	198,153
Gaines Township	41,930
Other local services	572
Total Local Revenue	24,800,306
Other Income	
Gain on sale of property	92,218
Retail lease	26,631
CNG fuel sales	40,223
Alternative Fuel Credit	177,535
Interest Income	1,004,299
Miscellaneous	12,508
Ride project coordination	31,284
Vending machine	22,166
Fare evasion fees	1,280
Billboard lease	23,395
Total Other Income	1,431,539
Total Revenues	\$ 61,119,806

Schedule of Hours and Miles - Urban

Year ended September 30, 2023

	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Total
Total vehicle hours - linehaul	1,303	665	334	385,561
Revenue hours - linehaul	1,260	646	321	372,847
Total vehicle hours - bus rapid transit	90	49	38	27,469
Revenue hours - bus rapid transit	88	47	36	26,856
Total vehicle hours - demand response	433	154	137	125,784
Revenue hours - demand response	343	126	113	100,268
Total vehicle miles - linehaul	17,789	8,846	4,719	5,258,621
Revenue miles - linehaul	17,033	8,498	4,460	5,033,949
Total vehicle miles - bus rapid transit	1,123	610	483	344,001
Revenue miles - bus rapid transit	1,086	581	448	331,189
Total vehicle miles - demand response	6,951	2,120	2,084	1,996,024
Revenue miles - demand response	5,164	1,680	1,692	1,495,505

The methodology used for compiling nonfinancial data on Operating Assistance Report (OAR) schedules is an adequate and reliable methodology.

Schedule of Operating Assistance Calculation

	State Operating Assistance Urban			
General Operating Expenses	\$	68,104,969		
Add: Eligible Expenses Reverse GASB entry to pension to reflect actual paid pension expenses		1,496,322		
Less: Ineligible Expenses Depreciation expense and loss on disposal of assets Capital funds used for operating expenses Amtrak Non-transportation revenue APTA and MPTA dues Preventive maintenance Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) Lobbying		16,676,021 3,881,786 90,033 281,572 7,985 3,454,052 (5,474) 108,091		
Eligible Operating Expenses	\$	45,107,225		
Maximum State Operating Assistance (50%)	\$	22,553,612		
State Operating Assistance Accrual (29.2015%)	\$	13,171,986		

Notes to the Schedule of Operating Assistance Calculation

ITP has deducted all known ineligible expenses in completing this calculation of state operating assistance. Any refunds or rebates are deducted from the appropriate expense item when received. Any expenses related to miscellaneous revenue were netted against said revenue. ITP had no other post-employment benefits. No such expense was accrued or paid during fiscal year 2023 and, therefore, there are no applicable issues regarding calculation of eligible operating expenses or the related assistance from the state of Michigan. ITP did not apply for non-urban assistance for fiscal year 2023; therefore, schedules for urban and non-urban expenses are not included.

The following are statements of assurances for the state:

Cost Allocation Plan - ITP charges only direct costs to its grant programs; therefore, no Office of Passenger Transportation (OPT) approved cost allocation plans are required, and none were used in the preparation of financial statements.

Nonfinancial Methodology Plan - The method used for compiling miles for linehaul and demand response service has been reviewed, and the recording method has been found to be adequate and reliable.

Capital Funds Used to Pay for Operating - Operating expenses of \$3,881,786 were paid for with capital funds. This amount was subtracted out as an ineligible expense. No other operating expenses were paid for with capital funds. Ineligible expenses are identified according to the definition in the revenue and expense manual.

Depreciation - The depreciation expense is identified as an ineligible expense and subtracted from expenses. Therefore, the depreciation assurance regarding approval of useful life is not required. This number also includes the SBITA amortization expense for subscriptions.

Expenses Associated with Auxiliary Transportation Revenue - There are no costs associated with this revenue in eligible operating expenses, because advertising and concessions are outsourced and the contracting agency is responsible for any related expenses.

Retirement Benefits - ITP offers two types of pension compensation plans: defined benefit and defined contribution for administrative and non-administrative staff. The defined contribution expenses paid this year for the administrative staff is \$566,631 and non-administrative staff is \$1,001,564. The entire sum of \$1,568,195 was expensed on the books and paid with out-of-pocket funds.

The defined benefit plan expenses paid this year for the administrative plan is \$250,000 and the non-administrative plan is \$650,000. The entire sum of \$900,000 was expensed on the books and paid with out-of-pocket funds. The defined benefit plan is calculated pursuant to the GASB 68 Implementation Guide. The GASB adjustment is a decrease of \$1,496,322 to the pension expense, which is a reduction of \$243,511 to the administration plan and a reduction of \$1,252,811 to the union plan. Therefore, the \$900,000 is an eligible expense and was added to the total operating expense for the calculation of state operating assistance.

\$8,321,660 in the ARP Act funding in fiscal year 2023 to reimburse eligible operating expenses through September 30, 2023. These expenses are included in the schedule of operating expenses by function under general operations.

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards

	Assistance		State			Current	Year's Ex	penditures		Prior			
	Listing	Federal Grant	Authorization	Total State						Year's State	State Amount	Expensed as	
Title	Number	Number	Number	Award Amount	Federal	5	tate	Local	Total	Expenditures	Remaining	Operating	Reference
FY 2021 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2021-022	2017-0070-P18	\$ 2,513,395	\$ 2,495,756	\$ 623	,939 \$	-	\$ 3,119,695	\$ 658,286	\$ 1,231,170	\$ 27,575	580
FY 2021 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2021-022	2017-0070-P18	263,400	-		-	-	-	263,400	-	-	848
FY 2020 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2020-047	2017-0070 P16	2,501,061	1,685,389	421	,347	-	2,106,736	1,256,289	823,425	264,435	570
FY 2020 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2020-047	2017-0070 P16	284,093	-		-	-	-	284,093	-	-	847
FY 2019 §20005(b) Map-21 Transit Oriented										,			
Development	20.500	MI-2019-010	2017-0070 P14	174,000	-		-	-	-	173,997	3	-	987
FY 2019 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2019-023	2017-0070 P13	2,537,958	2,662,027	665	,507	-	3,327,534	1,692,164	180,287	374,533	560
FY 2019 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2019-023	2017-0070 P13	275,050	-		-	-	-	275,050	-	-	846
FY 2019 - FY 2021 §5307 - Local Formula and CMAQ	20.507	MI-2019-024	2017-0070 P12	622,500	235,166	46	,270	-	281,436	536,412	39,818	46,270	772
FY 2019 Michigan Mobility Challenge		N/A	2017-0070 P10	373,782	-		-	-	-	291,883	81,899	-	986
FY 2018 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2018-011	2017-0070 P7	2,353,918	1,633,607	408	,402	-	2,042,009	1,905,670	39,846	159,840	550
FY 2018 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2018-011	2017-0070 P7	299,201	-		-	-	-	299,201	-	-	845
FY 2017 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2017-023	2017-0070 P3	2,431,404	-		-	-	-	2,390,637	40,767	-	540
FY 2017 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2017-023	2017-0070 P3	226,537	-		-	-	-	226,537	-	-	844
FY 2016 & FY 2017 \$5309 Capital Investment	20.500	MI-2017-015	2012-0104 P20	14,047,417	2,415,790	681	,377	-	3,097,167	12,353,842	1,012,198	84,619	871
FY 2016 §5307 - Local Formula and CMAQ	20.507	MI-2016-009	2012-0104 P18	2,269,162	-		-	-	-	2,259,477	9,685	-	530
FY 2016 §5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.526	MI-2016-009	2012-0104 P18	231,376	-		-	-	-	231,376	-	-	843
FY 2016 5307 - 2016 Local Formula and CMAQ	20.507	MI-2016-013	2012-0104 P17	875,683	-		-	-	-	849,483	26,200	-	771
FY 2022 §5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2022-0029	2022-0073 P3	3,065,663	2,379,460	594	,865	-	2,974,325	457,145	2,013,653	238,714	590
FY 2022 5339 - Local Bus and Bus Facilities	20.507	MI-2022-0029	2022-0073 P3	252,438	102,779	25	,695	-	128,474	-	226,743	2,196	849
FY 2020 & 2021 Specialized Services		N/A	2017-0070 P11	1,084,738	-		-	-	-	1,084,738	-	-	796
FY 2022 5337 - State of Good Repair	20.525	MI-2022-0029	2022-0073 P3	296,716	9,012	2	,253	-	11,265	-	294,463	-	701
FY 2023 5307 - Local Formula	20.507	MI-2023-0020	2022-0073 P7	3,840,679	78,940	19	,735	-	98,675	-	3,820,944	-	600
FY 2022 and FY 2023 5307 - Local Formula & CMAQ	20.507	MI-2022-0042	2002-0073 P4	345,165	668,613	167	,153	-	835,766	-	178,012	666	773
FY 2023 Specialized Services		N/A	2022-0073 P6	1,329,976	-	1,329	,976	-	1,329,976	-	-		798
FY 2022 Specialized Services		N/A	2022-0073-P1	542,369	-		-	-	-	542,369	-	-	797
FY 2022 Fuel Transformation Program Volkswagen													
Mitigation Trust - State of MI grant			22-601-022	500,000	-	500	,000	-	500,000	-	-	-	988
Total				\$ 43,537,681	\$ 14,366,539	\$ 5,486	,519 <u>\$</u>	-	\$ 19,853,058	\$ 28,032,049	\$ 10,019,113	\$ 1,198,848	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through _ Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass-Through Federal Grantor Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Federal Transit Cluster:					
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2022-029	\$ -	\$ 2,379,460
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2018-011	-	1,633,607
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2019-023	-	2,662,027
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2020-047	-	1,685,389
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2021-022	-	2,495,756
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2019-024	-	235,166
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2022-002	-	8,321,660
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2023-020	-	78,940
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	Direct	MI-2022-042	-	668,613
Federal Transit Capital					
Investment Grants	20.500	Direct	MI-2017-015	-	2,415,790
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula,					
Competitive, and Low or No					
Emissions Programs	20.526	Direct	MI-2022-029	-	102,778
Total Federal Transit Cluster				-	22,679,286
Federal Transit Capital					
Investment Grants	20.527	Direct	MI-2022-029	-	9,012
Total Federal Awards				Ş -	\$22,688,198

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of ITP under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2023. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of ITP, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of ITP.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

ITP has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board Interurban Transit Partnership Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Interurban Transit Partnership (ITP), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 for the Pension Trust Funds), and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise ITP's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered ITP's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether ITP's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering ITP's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BDO USA, P.C.

January 17, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Members of the Board Interurban Transit Partnership Grand Rapids, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Interurban Transit Partnership's (ITP) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of ITP's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. ITP's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, ITP complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of ITP and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of ITP's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to ITP's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on ITP's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about ITP's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding ITP's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of ITP's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,
 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ITP's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in



internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BDO USA, P.C.

January 17, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2023

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP:	U	nmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	🗌 Yes	🖂 No
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	Yes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	🗌 Yes	🖂 No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	🗌 Yes	🖂 No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	🗌 Yes	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	U	nmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	🗌 Yes	🖂 No
Identification of major federal programs:		
	Name of F	ederal Program or
Federal CFDA Number		Cluster
20.500, 20.507, and 20.526	Federal	Transit Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	🛛 Yes	🗌 No
Section 2. Financial Statement Findings		
There were no findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported, in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards.		
Section 3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
There were no findings and questioned costs for federal awards (as		

defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a)) that are required to be reported.



INTERURBAN TRANSIT PARTNERSHIP BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RESOLUTION No. 012424-7

Fiscal Year: 2023-2024

Moved and supported to adopt the following resolution:

Approval to the Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and 2022.

BE IT RESOLVED that the ITP Board of Directors approves the Financial Statements and Single Audit Reports for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023, and 2022 as written, per the presentation on January 24, 2024

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, duly qualified and acting secretary of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board, certifies that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of a resolution adopted at a legally convened meeting of the Interurban Transit Partnership Board.

Kris Heald, Board Secretary

Date



DATE: January 24, 2024

TO: ITP Board

FROM: Jason Prescott

SUBJECT: DECEMBER 2023 PARATRANSIT RIDERSHIP REPORT

Paratransit ridership information for December 2023, as compared to December 2022

	2023	2022	% Change
Total Paratransit			
Ridership	17,069	16,540	3.2%
ADA Ridership	14,136	13,358	5.8%
Non-Disabled Senior (NDS) Ridership	106	98	8.2%
PASS Ridership	218	219	-0.5%
Network 180	2,067	2,153	-4.0%

Ridership averages, as compared to 2022.

	2023	2022	% Change
Weekday Ridership	644	617	4.4%
Saturday Ridership	265	179	48.0%
Sunday Ridership	220	199	10.6%

Other Performance Measures

	2023	2022	% Change
On-Time Pick-Up	94.22%	74.00%	27.3%
On-Time Drop-Off	96.92%	77.00%	25.9%
Average Cost Per Trip	\$52.99	\$40.60	30.5%

ADA	2023	2022	Change	% Change
Clients	1,214	1,204	10	0.8%
Passenger Trips	14,136	13,358	778	5.8%
NDS				
Clients	12	13	(1)	-7.7%
Passenger Trips	106	98	8	8.2%
PASS				
Clients	13	14	(1)	-7.1%
Passenger Trips	218	219	(1)	-0.5%
CONTRACTED	0	0	0	#DIV/0!
Passenger Trips	0	0	0	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!
rassenger mps	0	0	0	#DIV/0!
RIDELINK				
Clients	248	289	(41)	-14.2%
Passenger Trips (Performed by The Rapid)	542	712	(170)	-23.9%
TOTALS				
Clients	1,487	1,520	(33)	-2.2%
Passenger Trips	15,002	14,387	615	4.3%
Average Weekday Ridership	644	617	27	4.4%
Average Saturday Ridership	265	179	86	48.0%
Average Sunday Ridership	220	199	21	10.6%
All Ambulatory Passengers	12,126	11,759	367	3.1%
All Wheelchair Passengers	2,876	2,628	248	9.4%
No - Shows	427	354	73	20.6%
Cancellations	348	450	(102)	-22.7%
Transdev				
Average Cost per Trip	\$52.99	\$40.60	\$12.39	30.5%
Riders per Hour	1.8	2.1	(0.3)	-16.2%
Accidents per Month	1.0	3.0	(2)	-66.7%
		0.0	(=)	
Trip Denials	0	0	0	0.0%
NTD Travel Time (minutes)	33	29	4	13.8%
NETWORK 180				
Passenger Trips	2,067	2,153	(86)	-4.0%
Average Weekday Ridership	109	98	11	11.2%
	47.000	40.540		0.0%
OTAL PASSENGER TRIPS	17,069	16,540	529	3.2%
Paratransit Service Quality Statistics	: network 18	0 Excluded		
Complaints	2023	2022	% of Trips	% Chang
Transdev Complaints	14	21	0.1%	-33.3%
On Time Performance				
On-Time Performance On-Time Compliance - Pick-up	94.22%	74.00%	20.2%	27.3%
	96.92%	77.00%	20.270	21.0/0

December 2023 Paratransit Ridership and Operating Statistics



Date: January 4, 2023

To: Board of Directors

From: Jason Prescott, Director, Paratransit, ADA and Mobility

Subject: Rapid Connect

<u>OVERVIEW</u>

Rapid Connect mobility-on-demand program report from Thursday, December 28 through Wednesday, January 3. The intent of these reports is to be distributed weekly on Friday mornings. The reports will always cover a five-day service period.

HISTORICAL CONTEXT

The Rapid Connect service was launched on January 3rd, 2022, in Walker and Kentwood to improve accessibility to public transportation within those two jurisdictions. The initial pilot (Jan-Mar) had a service operating on weekdays from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. Presently the service operates until 10 p.m. on weekdays.

Sign-ups remain consistent from week to week. To date, 1,962 people have signed up to use this new service.

All training and testing trips taken by operators or Rapid employees have been omitted from all calculations included in this report.

CURRENT RIDERSHIP

Between Thursday, December 28, and Wednesday, January 3 (five-day service period), there were a total of 163 completed trips. All 163 trips were scheduled ondemand through the app.



There were 107 completed trips in Kentwood (66%), and 56 trips completed in Walker (34%). There were 33 individual riders in Kentwood and 15 in Walker that made up these trip counts for this week.

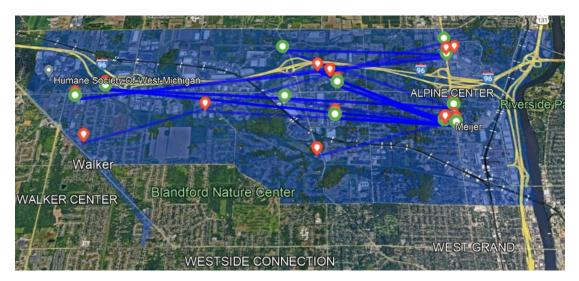
The average fare trip distance in Kentwood is 2.85 miles, and 3.17 miles in Walker. The fare trip distance is the distance between the pickup and drop-off points and does not consider other stops on the route.

The earliest trip in Kentwood for this five-day service period had a reported arrival time of 5:57 a.m. The latest trip was completed at 9:42 p.m.





The earliest trip in Walker for this five-day service period had a reported arrival time of 6:07 a.m. The latest trip was completed at 9:09 p.m.



4 Trips taken this week in the expanded zone.

3475 Alpine Ave NW

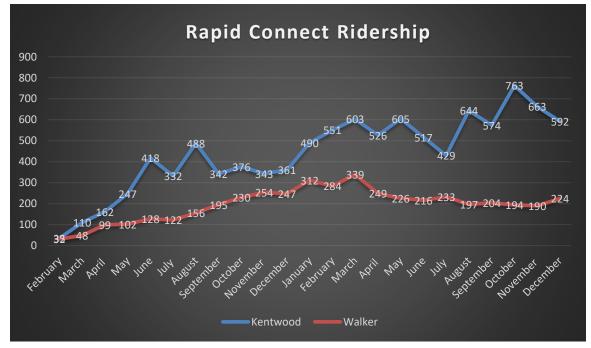
3286 Alpine Ave NW

3248 Alpine Ave NW

2189 Walker Ave









Date:	January 10, 2024
То:	ITP Board
From:	Maxwell Dillivan, AICP – Senior Planner
Subject:	FIXED ROUTE RIDERSHIP AND PRODUCTIVITY REPORT – December 2023

OVERVIEW

December 2023 ridership and productivity measures significantly out-performed those of December 2022. This month's very favorable weather conditions and extremely inclement weather during the third week of December 2022 largely explain the increase in performance.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Monthly Ridership

	Dec 2023	Dec 2022	% Change
Regular Fixed Route Service (Routes 1-44)	351,130	315,243	↑ 11.4%
Contracted Service (GVSU, DASH, GRCC, and Ferris)	107,838	103,429	↑ 4.3%
Total Monthly Fixed Route Ridership	458,968	418,672	↑ 9.6%

Daily Average Ridership

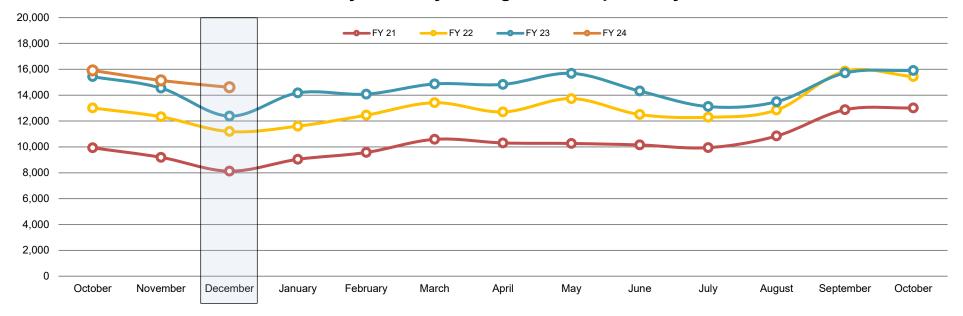
	Dec 2023	Dec 2022	% Change
Weekday Total	19,779	16,949	↑ 16.7%
Weekday Evening	2,629	2,175	↑ 20.9%
Saturday	8,568	6,868	↑ 24 .8%
Sunday	4,109	3,817	↑ 7.7%

Productivity Summary

	Dec 2023	Dec 2022	% Change
Average passengers per hour per route	13.2	11.3	↑ 16.7%
Average passengers per mile per route	0.98	0.83	↑ 17.0%
Average farebox recovery percent per route	10.9%	9.8%	↑ 10.7%

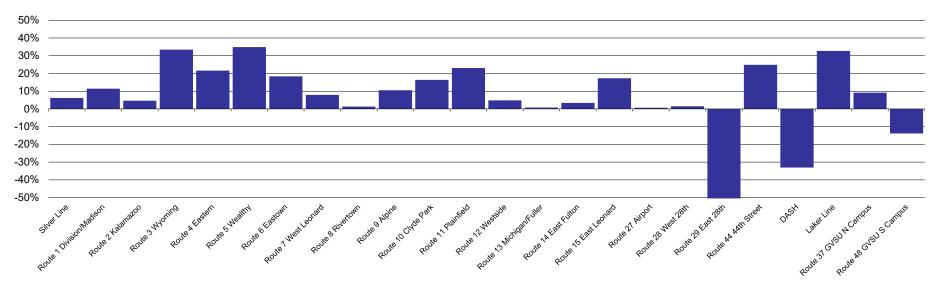
Fiscal Year Ridership

	FY 2024	FY 2023	% Change
Regular Fixed Route Service (Routes 1-44)	1,122,086	1,055,497	↑ 6.3%
Contracted Service (GVSU, DASH, GRCC, and Ferris)	498,228	456,330	↑ 9.2%
Total Fixed Route Ridership YTD	1,620,314	1,511,827	↑ 7.2%



Monthly Weekday Average Ridership History

Percent Change by Route: December 2023 compared to December 2022





Date: January 24, 2024

To: ITP Board

From: Linda Medina, Director of Finance

Subject: November 2023 Operating and Grant Statements and Professional Development and Travel Reports for October 2023 and November 2023

Attached is November 2023 general operating and grant report. The financial reports include October and November's transactions. Also included is the Professional Development and Travel reports for October and November 2023.

FY 23/24 YTD Operating Statement Analysis

Total revenues and expenses are trending favorably through November 2023. Revenues are 1.7% over budget while expenses are 14.6% under budget. We are only two months into the new fiscal year and currently there are no notable patterns or trends.

Please feel free to reach out to me directly at (616) 774-1149 or <u>Imedina@ridetherapid.org</u> with any additional questions regarding the attached financial reports.

The Rapid Operating Statement Year to Date as of November 30, 2022

	_YTD as of N	ovemt	er 30, 2023		Varianc	e		Last Year FY 22/23	C	Current Year FY 23/24	
	Budget		Actual	_	\$	%	Y	TD Actual	Ar	nnual Budget	
Revenues and Operating Assistance											
Passenger Fares	\$ 821,405	5 \$	803,116	\$	(18,289)	-2.2%	\$	733,530	\$	4,895,883	803,115
Sale of Transportation Services											
CMH Contribution	82,839)	61,000		(21,839)	-26.4%		64,550		447,839	61,000
Dash Contract	299,865	5	275,437		(24,428)	-8.1%		264,471		1,856,468	275,437
Grand Valley State University	709,743	3	737,457		27,714	3.9%		594,763		3,682,642	737,457
Van Pool Transportation		-				0.0%		(1,162)		.	
Township Services	34,036		34,086		50	0.1%		57,601		185,836	34,086
Other	28,495	_	30,624	_	2,129	7.5%		28,581	_	218,635	30,624
Subtotal Sale of Transportation Services	1,154,978	3	1,138,605		(16,373)	-1.4%		1,008,804		6,391,421	1,138,604
State Operating	3,229,150		2,914,118		(315,032)	-9.8%		2,501,936		18,870,616	2,914,119
Property Taxes	3,276,834	ę	3,444,482		167,648	5.1%		3,104,604		19,661,002	3,444,482
Advertising & Miscellaneous	101,368	_	427,117		325,749	321.4%	_	178,402	. 	714,020	427,117
Subtotal Revenues and Operating Assistance	8,583,734		8,727,438		143,703	1.7%		7,527,276		50,532,941	8,727,437
Grant Operating Revenue		8			٠	0.0%		2,000,001			
Unrestricted Net Reserves		<u>.</u>	•	-	-	0.0%		•	_	5,474,451	÷
Total Revenues and Operating Assistance	\$ 8,583,734	\$	8,727,438	\$	143,703	1.7%	\$	9,527,277	\$	56,007,392	\$8,727,437
Expenses											
Salaries and Wages											
Administrative	\$ 1,025,508	S	912,537	s	(112,971)	-11.0%	s	854,330	s	7,226,977	898,439
Operators	2,466,641		2,106,565	.**	(360,077)	-14.6%	*	2,096,567	Ť	16,033,168	2,173,612
Maintenance	428,132		406,888		(21,244)	-5.0%		284,819		2,782,858	353,938
Subtotal Salaries and Wages	3,920,281		3,425,989	·	(494,291)	-12.6%		3,235,715	-	26,043,003	3,425,989
Benefits	2,019,913		1,506,537		(513,376)	-25.4%		1,590,974		10,842,785	1,506,348
Contractual Services	594,477		594,476		(1)	0.0%		389,246		3,912,166	594,476
Materials and Supplies						0.0%					
Fuel and Lubricants	485,477		302,532		(182,944)	-37.7%		338,718		3,026,466	302,532
Other	287,169		287,123		(46)	0.0%		212,781		1,969,374	287,123
Subtotal Materials and Supplies	772,645		589,655		(182,990)	-23.7%		551,499		4,995,840	589,655
Utilities, Insurance, and Miscellaneous	1,352,326		1,267,249		(85,078)	-6.3%		1,454,385		5,699,115	1,267,440
Purchased Transportation	1,419,919		1,223,662		(196,257)	-13.8%		1,200,049		8,514,483	1,223,662
Expenses Before Capitalized Operating	10,079,561		8,607,568		(1,471,993)	-14.6%		8,421,869	_	60,007,392	8,607,570
Capitalized Operating Expenses					-	0.0%	_	-	_	(4,000,000)	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 10,079,561	\$	8,607,568	\$	(1,471,993)	-14.6%	\$	8,421,869	\$	56,007,392	\$8,607,570
Net Surplus/(Deficit) without Net Reserves Net Surplus/(Deficit) with Net Reserves		\$ \$	119,869 119,869								

Interurban Transit Partnership Grant Revenues & Expenditures Month Ended 11/30/23

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		Adopted Budget	Amended Budget	Month To Date	Year To Date		Percent Target 17%
2. 3. 4.	Federal Grant Assistance State Grant Assistance Transfer In - Operating Budget Use of Restricted Net Assets Other Local	16,232,189 4,058,047 0 0 0	16,232,189 4,058,047 0 0	875,696 218,924 0 0	1,289,515 322,379 0 0	14,942,674 3,735,668 0 0 0	8% 8% 100% 100% 100%
6.	Total Grant Revenue	20,290,236	20,290,236	1,094,620	1,611,894	18,678,342	88
8. 9.	Administrative Salaries Driver Wages Temporary Wages Fringe Benefit Distribution	0 0 0	00000	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	100% 100% 100% 100%
11.	Total Labor	0	0	0	0	0	100%
13.	Tires & Tubes Office Supplies Printing	322,000 0 0	322,000 0 0	22,731 0 0	25,953 0 0	296,047 0 0	8% 100% 100%
15.	Total Material & Supplies	322,000	322,000	22,731	25,953	296,047	8%
	Purchased Transportation Specialized Services	1,200,000 0	1,200,000	0	100,000	1,100,000 0	8% 100%
18.	Total Purchased Transportation	1,200,000	1,200,000	0	100,000	1,100,000	8.8
20.	Dues & Subscriptions Professional Development Miscellaneous	26,000 0 0	26,000 0 1,859	26,757 0 0	26,757 0 0	757 0 1,859	- 103% 100% 0%
22.	Total Other Expenses	26,000	27,859	26,757	26,757	1,102	96%
24.	Office Lease Transit Center Lease Storage Space Lease	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	100% 100% 100%
26.	Total Leases	0	0	0	0	0	100%
28. 29.	Rolling Stock Facilities Equipment Other	4,320,079 3,617,625 675,298 1,742,950	4,320,079 6,055,443 1,883,609 2,041,091	853,080 86,206 14,721 79,922	1,194,312 87,963 14,721 136,196	3,125,767 5,967,480 1,868,888 1,904,895	28% 1% 1% 7%
31.	Total Capital	10,355,952	14,300,222	1,033,929	1,433,192	12,867,030	10%
	Planning Services Capitalized Operating	4,932,231 3,454,053	986,102 3,454,053	11,203 0	25,992 0	960,110 3,454,053	3% 0%
34.	Total Expenditures	20,290,236	20,290,236	1,094,620	1,611,894	18,678,342	8%

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT & TRAVEL REPORT ALL EMPLOYEES OCTOBER 2023

AMOUNT	PURPOSE	EMPLOYEE (s)	LOCATION
\$ 3,512.87	APTA Transform Conference	K. Wisselink, D. Prato, N. Monoyios	Orlando, FL
\$ 773.50	Optimism Online Class	S. Luther, N. Monoyios, M. Dillivan, D. Prato, K. Heald, A. Erber, W. Frazier, J. King, J. Prescott, L. Medina, K. Wisselink, A. Prokopy, S. Clapp, S. Schipper, C. Cooper	Virtual
\$ 1,520.03 \$ 5,806.40	Global Security Exchange Conference	M. Wieringa	Dallas, TX

*This total does not include incidental travel and meeting expenses such as mileage, parking, lunch meetings, etc.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT & TRAVEL REPORT ALL EMPLOYEES NOVEMBER 2023

AMOUNT		PURPOSE	EMPLOYEE (s)	LOCATION
\$	248.52	Michigan Public Purchasing Officers Association Fall Conference	E. Vesely	St Joseph, MI
\$	248.52	_		

*This total does not include incidental travel and meeting expenses such as mileage, parking, lunch meetings, etc.